

## Product datasheet for **TA327245S**

### **RUNX1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	ICC/IF, IHC, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB 1:500 - 1:2000;IF 1:50- 1:200
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide of human RUNX1
Formulation:	Store at -20C or -80C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Affinity purification
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Gene Name:	runt related transcription factor 1
Database Link:	<a href="#">NP_001745</a> <a href="#">Entrez Gene 12394 Mouse</a> <a href="#">Entrez Gene 50662 Rat</a> <a href="#">Entrez Gene 861 Human</a> <a href="#">Q01196</a>
Background:	AML1 (also known as Runx1, CBFA2, and PEBP2aB) is a member of the core binding factor (CBF) family of transcription factors. It is required for normal development of all hematopoietic lineages. AML1 forms a heterodimeric DNA binding complex with its partner protein CBF $\beta$ and regulates the expression of cellular genes by binding to promoter and enhancer elements. AML1 is commonly translocated in hematopoietic cancers: chromosomal translocations include t(8;21) AML1-ETO, t(12;21) TEL-AML, and t(8;21) AML-M2. Phosphorylation of AML1 on several potential serine and threonine sites, including Ser249, is thought to occur in an Erk-dependent manner.
Synonyms:	AML1; AML1-EVI-1; AMLCR1; CBFA2; EVI-1; PEBP2aB

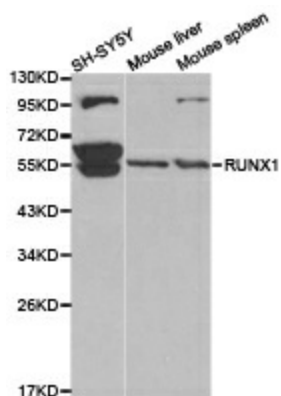


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**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Transcription Factors

**Protein Pathways:** Acute myeloid leukemia, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Pathways in cancer

**Product images:**



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using RUNX1 antibody.