

## **Product datasheet for TA327245**

## **RUNX1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

## **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Applications: ICC/IF, IHC, WB

**Recommended Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000;IF 1:50- 1:200

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

**Immunogen:** A synthetic peptide of human RUNX1

Formulation: Store at -20C or -80C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50%

glycerol, pH7.3

**Concentration:** lot specific

**Purification:** Affinity purification

**Conjugation:** Unconjugated

**Storage:** Store at -20°C as received.

**Stability:** Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

**Gene Name:** runt related transcription factor 1

Database Link: NP 001745

Entrez Gene 12394 MouseEntrez Gene 50662 RatEntrez Gene 861 Human

Q01196

Background: AML1 (also known as Runx1, CBFA2, and PEBP2aB) is a member of the core binding factor

(CBF) family of transcription factors. It is required for normal development of all

hematopoietic lineages. AML1 forms a heterodimeric DNA binding complex with its partner protein CBFβ and regulates the expression of cellular genes by binding to promoter and enhancer elements. AML1 is commonly translocated in hematopoietic cancers: chromosomal

translocations include t(8;21) AML1-ETO, t(12;21) TEL-AML, and t(8;21) AML-M2.

Phosphorylation of AML1 on several potential serine and threonine sites, including Ser249, is

thought to occur in an Erk-dependent manner.

Synonyms: AML1; AML1-EVI-1; AMLCR1; CBFA2; EVI-1; PEBP2aB



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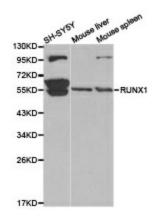
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**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Transcription Factors

**Protein Pathways:** Acute myeloid leukemia, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Pathways in cancer

## **Product images:**



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using RUNX1 antibody.