

## **Product datasheet for TA326772**

**BID Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody** 

## **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

**Applications:** ICC/IF, WB

**Reactivity:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000 Human, Mouse, Rat

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Recombinant protein of human BID

**Formulation:** Store at -20C or -80C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50%

glycerol, pH7.3

**Concentration:** lot specific

**Purification:** Affinity purification

**Conjugation:** Unconjugated

**Storage:** Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Gene Name: BH3 interacting domain death agonist

Database Link: NP 001187

Entrez Gene 12122 MouseEntrez Gene 64625 RatEntrez Gene 637 Human

P55957

Background: The BH3 domain-only protein, BID, a death agonist member of the Bcl-2/Bcl-xL family, is

localized in the cytosolic fraction of cells as an inactive precursor. Its active form is generated upon proteolytic cleavage by caspase-8 in the Fas signaling pathway. Cleaved BID translocates to mitochondria and induces cytochrome c release and mitochondrial damage . Thus, BID relays an apoptotic signal from the cell surface to mitochondria. However, the precise molecular mechanism for the translocation of the cleaved BID, and for the subsequent

release of cytochrome c during apoptosis, is still unclear.

Synonyms: FP497

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome



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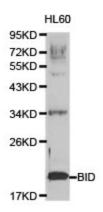
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**Protein Pathways:** 

Alzheimer's disease, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Apoptosis, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity, p53 signaling pathway, Pathways in cancer, Viral myocarditis

## **Product images:**



Western blot analysis of extracts of HL60 cell lines, using BID antibody.