

Product datasheet for **TA326458**

TNFRSF1A Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Recommended Dilution:	WB: 1:1000
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey, Bovine, Canine, Rabbit
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Peptide corresponding to AA 20-43 of the mouse TNF-R1 sequence, identical to rat and human over those residues
Formulation:	PBS pH 7.4; 50% glycerol, 0.09% azide.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Peptide Affinity Purified
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Gene Name:	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A
Database Link:	NP_001056 Entrez Gene 21937 Mouse Entrez Gene 25625 Rat Entrez Gene 722033 Monkey Entrez Gene 7132 Human P19438
Background:	The Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor (TNFR) also known as Cluster of differentiation (CD120) is a protein that belongs to the (TNF)/ (TNFR) superfamily. TNF interacts with two distinct receptors TNFR1 and TNFR2. These receptors share no homology on their cytoplasmic sequences. TNFR1 also known as p55/p60 is a high affinity receptor for TNF-. The TNFR1 has an extracellular domain with variable numbers of cysteine-rich repeats. The functional properties of TNFR1 are targets in new therapies for osteoporosis, chronic inflammatory and autoimmune diseases . The TNF-/TNFR1 receptor complex is responsible for the recruitment and the subsequent activation of the caspase (aspartate-specific cysteine proteases) that regulate apoptosis.
Synonyms:	CD120a; FPF; MS5; p55; p55-R; p60; TBP1; TNF-R; TNF-R-I; TNF-R55; TNFAR; TNFR1; TNFR1-d2; TNFR55



[View online »](#)

Note:	Identifies a band ~55kD on WB
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transcription Factors, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Adipocytokine signaling pathway, Alzheimer's disease, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Apoptosis, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, MAPK signaling pathway