

Product datasheet for TA326372

HSP90AB1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody [Clone ID: N/A]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: N/A

Applications: IF, WB

Recommended Dilution: WB: 1:20,000-40,000

Reactivity: Human, Rat, Mouse

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Full length protein Hsp90

Formulation: Rabbit antiserum

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Rabbit antiserum

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Gene Name: heat shock protein 90kDa alpha family class B member 1

Database Link: NP 031381

Entrez Gene 15516 MouseEntrez Gene 301252 RatEntrez Gene 3326 Human

P08238



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Background:

Hsp90 is a highly conserved and essential stress protein that is expressed in all eukaryotic cells. From a functional perspective, hsp90 participates in the folding, assembly, maturation, and stabilization of specific proteins as an integral component of a chaperone complex. Despite its label of being a heat-shock protein, hsp90 is one of the most highly expressed proteins in unstressed cells (12% of cytosolic protein). It carries out a number of housekeeping functions including controlling the activity, turnover, and trafficking of a variety of proteins. Most of the hsp90-regulated proteins that have been discovered to date are involved in cell signaling. The number of proteins now know to interact with Hsp90 is about 100. Target proteins include the kinases v-Src, Wee1, and c-Raf, transcriptional regulators such as p53 and steroid receptors, and the polymerases of the hepatitis B virus and telomerase.5. When bound to ATP, Hsp90 interacts with co-chaperones Cdc37, p23, and an assortment of immunophilin-like proteins, forming a complex that stabilizes and protects target proteins from proteasomal degradation. In most cases, hsp90-interacting proteins have been shown to co-precipitate with hsp90 when carrying out immunoadsorption studies, and to exist in cytosolic heterocomplexes with it. In a number of cases, variations in hsp90 expression or hsp90 mutation has been shown to degrade signaling function via the protein or to impair a specific function of the protein (such as steroid binding, kinase activity) in vivo. Ansamycin antibiotics, such as geldanamycin and radicicol, inhibit hsp90 function.

Synonyms: D6S182; HSP84; HSP90B; HSPC2; HSPCB

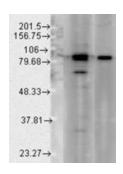
Note: Detects ~90kDa proteins corresponding to the molecular mass of Hsp90a/β.

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Stem cell - Pluripotency

Protein Pathways: Antigen processing and presentation, NOD-like receptor signaling pathway, Pathways in

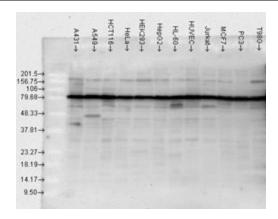
cancer, Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation, Prostate cancer

Product images:

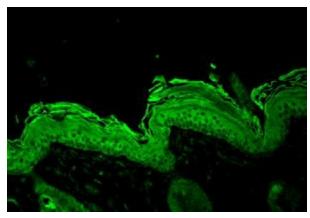


Western blot analysis of Hsp90 -Lane 1-hsp90alpha-Lane 2-hsp90beta- showing Hsp90 specificity.





Western blot analysis of Hsp90 in various cell lines, using a 1:1000 dilution of the antibody



Hsp90 visualized using the antibody