

Product datasheet for TA321217

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Metabotropic Glutamate Receptor 1 (GRM1) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: WB: 500-2000

WB positive control: Human brain

IHC: 15-50

Positive control: Human breast cancer Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide corresponding to a region derived from 31-44 amino acids of Human

glutamate receptor, metabotropic 1

Formulation: PBS pH7.3, 0.05% NaN3, 50% glycerol

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store at -20°C as received.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Predicted Protein Size: 132 kDa

Gene Name: glutamate metabotropic receptor 1

Database Link: NP 000829

Entrez Gene 14816 MouseEntrez Gene 24414 RatEntrez Gene 2911 Human

Q13255





Background:

L-glutamate is the major excitatory neurotransmitter in the central nervous system and activates both ionotropic and metabotropic glutamate receptors. Glutamatergic neurotransmission is involved in most aspects of normal brain function and can be perturbed in many neuropathologic conditions. The metabotropic glutamate receptors are a family of G protein-coupled receptors; that have been divided into 3 groups on the basis of sequence homology; putative signal transduction mechanisms; and pharmacologic properties. Group I includes GRM1 and GRM5 and these receptors have been shown to activate phospholipase C. Group II includes GRM2 and GRM3 while Group III includes GRM4; GRM6; GRM7 and GRM8. Group II and III receptors are linked to the inhibition of the cyclic AMP cascade but differ in their agonist selectivities. The canonical alpha isoform of the metabotropic glutamate receptor 1 gene is a disulfide-linked homodimer whose activity is mediated by a G-protein-coupled phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms; some of which may have distinct functions.

Synonyms: GPRC1A; GRM1A; mGlu1; MGLUR1; MGLUR1A; SCAR13

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Calcium signaling pathway, Gap junction, Long-term depression, Long-term potentiation,

Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction

Product images:



Gel: 8%SDS-PAGE Lysate: 60 µg Lane: Human brain

Primary antibody: TA321217 (GRM1 Antibody) at

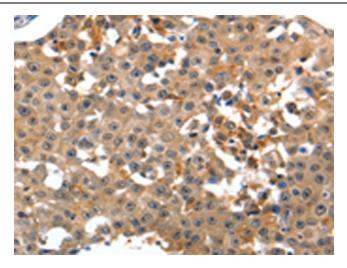
dilution 1/125

Secondary antibody: Goat anti rabbit IgG at

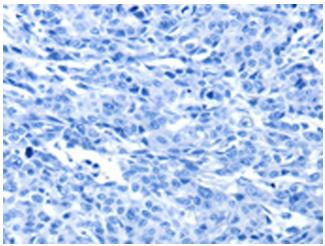
1/8000 dilution

Exposure time: 1 minute

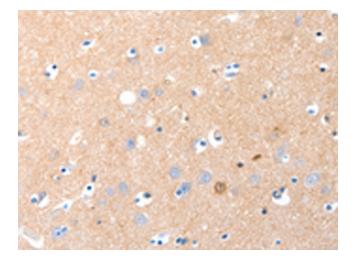




Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using TA321217 (GRM1 Antibody) at dilution 1/15 (Original magnification: ×200)

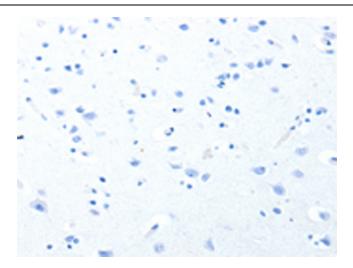


Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using TA321217 (GRM1 Antibody) at dilution 1/15, treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: ×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using TA321217 (GRM1 Antibody) at dilution 1/15 (Original magnification: ×200)





Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using TA321217 (GRM1 Antibody) at dilution 1/15, treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification: ×200)