

Product datasheet for TA319473

TRIM29 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	WB
Recommended Dilution:	ELISA: 1:100,000, WB: 1:500 to 3,000
Reactivity:	Human, Bovine, Chimpanzee, Macaque, Horse
Host:	Rabbit
lsotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	This affinity purified antibody was prepared from whole rabbit serum produced by repeated immunizations with a peptide corresponding to an internal portion of human ATDC protein around lysine 116.
Formulation:	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Concentration:	lot specific
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Gene Name:	tripartite motif containing 29
Database Link:	<u>NP_036233</u> <u>Entrez Gene 23650 Human</u> <u>Q14134</u>
Synonyms:	ATDC



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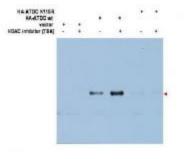
GRIGENE TRIM29 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – TA319473

Note: Ataxia-telangiectasia group D-associated protein (ATDC), also called tripartite motifcontaining protein 29 (TRIM29), is a novel Histone deacetylase (HDAC) associated protein. Its function is tightly regulated by HDAC. ATDC Lysine 116 (K116) is acetylated and has a significant functional role in regulating cell survival and tumorigenesis. ATDC is expressed in placenta, prostate and thymus, and is over expressed in pancreatic and cervical tumors. Its function in tumor cells is not fully understood. It is constitutively phosphorylated by PKC on serine/threonine in A431 cells. The ATDC gene product is one of a group of proteins that share multiple zinc finger motifs and an adjacent leucine zipper motif. These proteins have been proposed to form homo- or heterodimers involved in nucleic acid binding, consistent with the fact that many of these proteins appear to be transcriptional regulatory factors involved in carcinogenesis and/or differentiation. The likelihood that the ATDC gene product is involved in transcriptional regulation could explain the pleiomorphic characteristics of AT, including abnormal cell cycle regulation.

Protein Families:

Transcription Factors

Product images:



WB using Anti-ATDC (Ac-K116) antibody shows detection of a 66 kDa band corresponding to over-expressed, acetylated lysine (K116) ATDC (arrowhead) in transfected 293T cells. No staining is noted for cells transfected with empty vector only. No staining is noted for cells transfected with an ATDC K116R mutant (K to R transversion lacks site for acetylation). In each instance, samples were prepared with and without TSA (1.3uM, 6 hr) which inhibits deacetylation.

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