

Product datasheet for TA306700

GLE1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: IF, IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: WB: 1 - 2 ug/mL, ICC: 2.5 ug/mL, IF: 5 ug/mL

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Host: Rabbit Isotype: **IgG**

Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Gle1 antibody was raised against a 15 amino acid peptide near the carboxy terminus of

human Gle1.

Formulation: PBS containing 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration: 1ug/ul

Purification: Affinity chromatography purified via peptide column

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Store at -20°C as received. Storage:

Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Gene Name: GLE1, RNA export mediator

Database Link: NP 001003722

Entrez Gene 74412 MouseEntrez Gene 362098 RatEntrez Gene 2733 Human

Q53GS7

Background: The proper expression of gene products in eukaryotic cells relies on efficient transport of

> mRNA molecules out of the nucleus. Gle1 is an essential mRNA export factor in both human and yeast cells. It associates with the nuclear pore complex (NPC) through hCG1 and NUP155 in mammalian cells and in conjunction with inositol hexakisphosphate (IP6), stimulates Dbp5, a member of the DEAD-box helicase family, triggering mRNP remodeling and facilitating RNA export from the nucleus. Recent evidence suggests that mutations in Gle1 causing defects in mRNA export can result in human disease. At least three isoforms of Gle1 are known to exist.

GLE1L; hGLE1; LCCS; LCCS1 Synonyms:



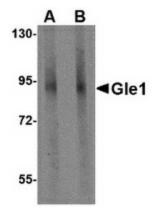
OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

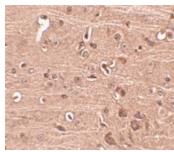
Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



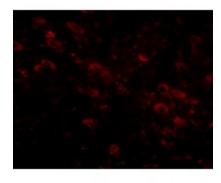
Product images:



Western blot analysis of Gle1 in mouse brain tissue lysate with Gle1 antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 ug/ml.



Immunohistochemistry of Gle1 in mouse brain tissue with Gle1 antibody at 2.5 ug/ml.



Immunofluorescence of gle1 in mouse brain tissue with gle1 antibody at 5 ug/mL.