

Product datasheet for **TA305798**

alpha 2a Adrenergic Receptor (ADRA2A) Goat Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Recommended Dilution:	WB: 1ug/ml. IF: 3-5ug/ml.
Reactivity:	Mouse (Expected from sequence similarity: Human, Rat, Dog)
Host:	Goat
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Peptide with sequence C-TERRP NGLGPERS, from the internal region of the protein sequence according to NP_000672.2.
Formulation:	0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin
Purification:	Purified from goat serum by ammonium sulphate precipitation followed by antigen affinity chromatography using the immunizing peptide. Supplied at 0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin. Aliquot and store at -20C. Minimize freezing and thawing.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Gene Name:	adrenoceptor alpha 2A
Database Link:	NP_000672 Entrez Gene 11551 MouseEntrez Gene 25083 RatEntrez Gene 486888 DogEntrez Gene 150 Human P08913



[View online »](#)

Background:	Alpha-2-adrenergic receptors are members of the G protein-coupled receptor superfamily. They include 3 highly homologous subtypes: alpha2A, alpha2B, and alpha2C. These receptors have a critical role in regulating neurotransmitter release from sympathetic nerves and from adrenergic neurons in the central nervous system. Studies in mouse revealed that both the alpha2A and alpha2C subtypes were required for normal presynaptic control of transmitter release from sympathetic nerves in the heart and from central noradrenergic neurons; the alpha2A subtype inhibited transmitter release at high stimulation frequencies, whereas the alpha2C subtype modulated neurotransmission at lower levels of nerve activity. This gene encodes alpha2A subtype and it contains no introns in either its coding or untranslated sequences. [provided by RefSeq]
Synonyms:	ADRA2; ADRA2R; ADRAR; ALPHA2AAR; ZNF32
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction