

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product datasheet for TA303003

Retinoic Acid Receptor alpha (RARA) Goat Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies	
Applications:	WB	
Recommended Dilution:	ended Dilution: ELISA: 1:128,000. WB: 0.03-0.3µg/ml.	
Reactivity:	Human (Expected from sequence similarity: Mouse, Rat, Dog, Cow)	
Host:	Goat	
lsotype:	IgG	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Immunogen:	Peptide with sequence C-SPSLSPSSHRSSPATQSP, from the C Terminus of the protein sequence according to NP_000955.1; NP_001019980.1; NP_001028775.1.	
Formulation:	Supplied at 0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin.	
Concentration:	lot specific	
Purification:	Purified from goat serum by ammonium sulphate precipitation followed by antigen affinity chromatography using the immunizing peptide. Supplied at 0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin. Aliquot and store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.	
Conjugation:	Unconjugated	
Storage:	age: Store at -20°C as received.	
Stability:	ty: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.	
Gene Name:	retinoic acid receptor alpha	
Database Link:	<u>NP 000955</u> Entrez Gene 19401 MouseEntrez Gene 24705 RatEntrez Gene 480526 DogEntrez Gene 5914 Human P10276	



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O RÏGENE	Retinoic Acid Receptor alpha (RARA) Goat Polyclonal Antibody – TA303003	
Background:	Retinoid signaling is transduced by 2 families of nuclear receptors, retinoic acid receptor (RAR) and retinoid X receptor (RXR; see MIM 180245), which form RXR/RAR heterodimers. In the absence of ligand, DNA-bound RXR/RARA represses transcription by recruiting the corepressors NCOR1 (MIM 600849), SMRT (NCOR2; MIM 600848), and histone deacetylase (see MIM 601241). When ligand binds to the complex, it induces a conformational change allowing the recruitment of coactivators, histone acetyltransferases (see MIM 603053), and the basic transcription machinery. Translocations that always involve rearrangement of the RARA gene are a cardinal feature of acute promyelocytic leukemia (APL; MIM 612376). The most frequent translocation is t(15,17)(q21;q22), which fuses the RARA gene with the PML gene (MIM 102578) (Vitoux et al., 2007 [PubMed 17468032]). [supplied by OMIM]	
Synonyms:	NR1B1; RAR	
Protein Families	Families: Druggable Genome, Nuclear Hormone Receptor, Transcription Factors	
Protein Pathwa	rotein Pathways: Acute myeloid leukemia, Pathways in cancer	

Product images:

250kDa 150kDa 100kDa	
75kDa	
50kDa	
37kDa	TA303003 staining (0.03ug/ml) of Human Brain lysate (RIPA buffer, 30ug total protein per lane). Primary incubated for 1 hour. Detected by western blot using chemiluminescence.
25kDa	
20kDa	
15kDa	
10kDa	

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