

# Product datasheet for TA302118

# Ubiquilin (UBQLN1) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

# **Product data:**

#### **Product Type: Primary Antibodies** WB **Applications:** Recommended Dilution: WB: 1:1000 **Reactivity:** Human, Mouse (Predicted: Rat) Rabbit Host: Isotype: lg **Clonality:** Polyclonal Immunogen: This Ubiquilin1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 40-70 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human Ubiquilin1. Formulation: Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. **Concentration:** lot specific Purification: This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS. **Conjugation:** Unconjugated Store at -20°C as received. Storage: Stability: Stable for 12 months from date of receipt. Predicted Protein Size: 62589 Da Gene Name: ubiquilin 1 NP 038466 Database Link: Entrez Gene 56085 MouseEntrez Gene 114590 RatEntrez Gene 29979 Human Q9UMX0



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### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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### **GRIGENE** Ubiquilin (UBQLN1) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody – TA302118

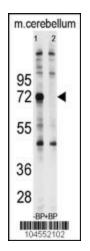
Background: Ubiquilin 1 (UBQLN1), also known as DA41, was isolated from an adult rat lung cDNA library, and encodes a cellular protein that associates with DAN.1 DAN expression is reduced in rat fibroblast 3Y1 cells transformed with mouse sarcoma virus and in rodent fibroblasts transformed with a variety of oncogenes. The DAN-DA41 interaction is mediated through the N-terminal domain and a cysteine-knot region of DAN. Human DA41 encodes a 589-amino acid protein with 86% amino acid sequence identity with rat protein.2 DA41 expression is regulated in a cell cycle-dependent manner. PLIC1 and PLIC2 (UBQLN2) are homologs of the mouse Plics (proteins linking integrin-associated protein (IAP) and cytoskeleton) and the yeast Dsk2 protein. PLIC1, also called UBQLN1, shares 72% amino acid identity with PLIC2,3 Two motifs are conserved in the mammalian PLICs and yeast Dsk2, an N-terminal ubiquitin-like (UBL) domain and a C-terminal ubiquitin-associated (UBA) domain. Unlike ubiquitin, the UBL domain of the PLICs does not have a diglycine motif in its C terminus. The UBA domain is present in multiple enzyme classes of the ubiquitination machinery. Human PLICs associate with both proteasomes and ubiquitin ligases in large complexes. Overexpression of PLICs impairs the in vivo degradation of 2 unrelated ubiquitin-dependent proteasome substrates, p53 and I-kappa-B-alpha (NFKBIA), but not a ubiquitin-independent substrate. PLICs may link the ubiquitination machinery to the proteasome to affect in vivo protein degradation. The DA41 gene maps to chromosome 9q21.2-q21.3, a position overlapping a candidate tumor suppressor locus for bladder cancer.2

Synonyms:

**Protein Families:** 

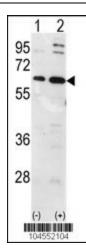
DA41; DSK2; PLIC-1; UBQN; XDRP1 Druggable Genome

## **Product images:**



Western blot analysis of anti-Ubiquilin1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat.#TA302118) pre-incubated with and without blocking peptide (BP2176a) in Jurkat cell line lysate. Ubiquilin1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

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Western blot analysis of Ubiquilin1 (arrow) using Ubiquilin1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat.#TA302118). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the Ubiquilin1 gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).

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