

## **Product datasheet for TA302058S**

## CD9 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

**Applications:** FC, IF, WB

**Recommended Dilution:** WB: 1:1000, IF: 1:10~50, FC: 1:10~50

Reactivity: Human
Host: Rabbit

**Isotype:** lg

**Clonality:** Polyclonal

**Immunogen:** This CD9 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic

peptide between 115-145 amino acids from the Central region of human CD9.

**Formulation:** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Concentration:** lot specific

**Purification:** This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Conjugation:** Unconjugated

**Storage:** Store at -20°C as received.

**Stability:** Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

**Predicted Protein Size:** 25285 Da

**Gene Name:** CD9 molecule

Database Link: NP 001760

Entrez Gene 928 Human

P21926

**Background:** CD9 is a member of the transmembrane 4 superfamily, also known as the tetraspanin family.

Most of these members are cell-surface proteins that are characterized by the presence of four hydrophobic domains. The proteins mediate signal transduction events that play a role in the regulation of cell development, activation, growth and motility. This protein is a cell surface glycoprotein that is known to complex with integrins and other transmembrane 4 superfamily proteins. It can modulate cell adhesion and migration and also trigger platelet activation and aggregation. In addition, the protein appears to promote muscle cell fusion

and support myotube maintenance.



**OriGene Technologies, Inc.** 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



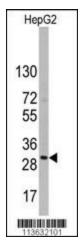
Synonyms: BTCC-1; DRAP-27; MIC3; MRP-1; TSPAN-29; TSPAN29

**Protein Families:** Adult stem cells, Druggable Genome, Embryonic stem cells, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS,

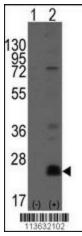
Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Hematopoietic cell lineage

## **Product images:**

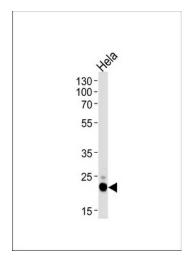


Western blot analysis of CD9 Antibody (Center) in HepG2 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). CD9 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

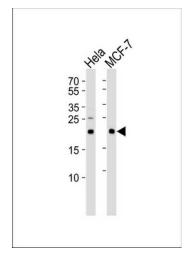


Western blot analysis of CD9 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal CD9 Antibody (Center) (Cat.# [TA302058]). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the CD9 gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).

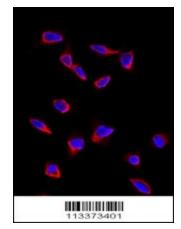




Western blot analysis of lysate from Hela cell line, using CD9 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #[TA302058]). [TA302058] was diluted at 1:1000. A goat antirabbit (HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35ug.

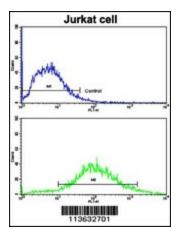


Western blot analysis of lysates from Hela, MCF-7 cell line (from left to right), using CD9 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #[TA302058]). [TA302058] was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 35ug per lane.



Immunofluorescence analysis of anti-CD9 Antibody (Center) in HeLa cells. 0.025 mg/ml primary antibody was followed by Alexa-Fluor-546-conjugated donkey anti-rabbit IgG (H+L). Alexa-Fluor-546 emits orange fluorescence. Blue counterstaining is DAPI.





Flow cytometric analysis of jurkat cells using CD9 Antibody (Center) (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.