

## Product datasheet for **TA302017S**

### ALDH2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	IF, WB
Recommended Dilution:	WB: 1:1000, IF: 1:10~50
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	Ig
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	This ALDH2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 52-81 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human ALDH2.
Formulation:	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store at -20°C as received.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Predicted Protein Size:	56381 Da
Gene Name:	aldehyde dehydrogenase 2 family (mitochondrial)
Database Link:	<a href="#">NP_000681</a> <a href="#">Entrez Gene 11669 Mouse</a> <a href="#">Entrez Gene 29539 Rat</a> <a href="#">Entrez Gene 217 Human</a> <a href="#">P05091</a>

**Background:** ALDH2 belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenase family of proteins. Aldehyde dehydrogenase is the second enzyme of the major oxidative pathway of alcohol metabolism. Two major liver isoforms of this enzyme, cytosolic and mitochondrial, can be distinguished by their electrophoretic mobilities, kinetic properties, and subcellular localizations. Most Caucasians have two major isozymes, while approximately 50% of Asians have only the cytosolic isozyme, missing the mitochondrial isozyme. A remarkably higher frequency of acute alcohol intoxication among Asians than among Caucasians could be related to the absence of the mitochondrial isozyme.



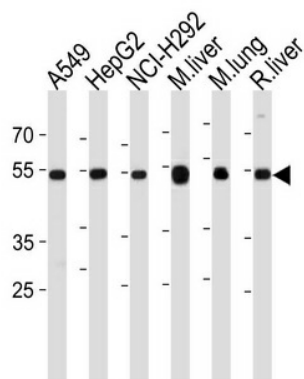
[View online »](#)

**Synonyms:** ALDH-E2; ALDHI; ALDM

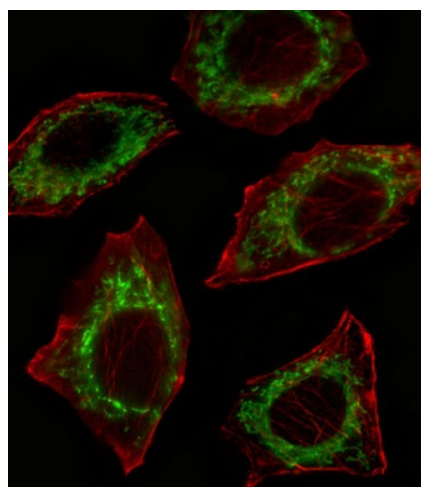
**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

**Protein Pathways:** Arginine and proline metabolism, Ascorbate and aldarate metabolism, beta-Alanine metabolism, Butanoate metabolism, Fatty acid metabolism, Glycerolipid metabolism, Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis, Histidine metabolism, Limonene and pinene degradation, Lysine degradation, Metabolic pathways, Propanoate metabolism, Pyruvate metabolism, Tryptophan metabolism, Valine, leucine and isoleucine degradation

**Product images:**



ALDH2 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #[TA302017]) western blot analysis in A549, HepG2, NCI-H292 cell line, mouse liver, lung and rat liver tissue lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the ALDH2 antibody detected the ALDH2 protein (arrow).



IF image of A549 cell stained with ALDH2 Antibody (N-term) (Cat#[TA302017]). A549 cells were incubated with ALDH2 primary antibody (1:25, 1 h at 37°C). For secondary antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488 conjugated donkey anti-rabbit antibody (green) was used (1:400). Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 (red) conjugated Phalloidin (7 units/ml). Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue). ALDH2 immunoreactivity is localized to Mitochondrion significantly.