

## **Product datasheet for SR416756**

# OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Rag2 Mouse siRNA Oligo Duplex (Locus ID 19374)

### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** siRNA Oligo Duplexes

Purity: HPLC purified

**Quality Control:** Tested by ESI-MS

Sequences: Available with shipment

**Stability:** One year from date of shipment when stored at -20°C.

# of transfections: Approximately 330 transfections/2nmol in 24-well plate under optimized conditions (final

conc. 10 nM).

**Note:** Single siRNA duplex (10nmol) can be ordered.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 009020</u>

UniProt ID: P21784
Synonyms: Rag-2

Components: Rag2 (Mouse) - 3 unique 27mer siRNA duplexes - 2 nmol each (Locus ID 19374)

Included - SR30004, Trilencer-27 Universal Scrambled Negative Control siRNA Duplex - 2 nmol

Included - SR30005, RNAse free siRNA Duplex Resuspension Buffer - 2 ml



#### Summary:

Core component of the RAG complex, a multiprotein complex that mediates the DNA cleavage phase during V(D)J recombination. V(D)J recombination assembles a diverse repertoire of immunoglobulin and T-cell receptor genes in developing B and T-lymphocytes through rearrangement of different V (variable), in some cases D (diversity), and J (joining) gene segments. DNA cleavage by the RAG complex occurs in 2 steps: a first nick is introduced in the top strand immediately upstream of the heptamer, generating a 3'-hydroxyl group that can attack the phosphodiester bond on the opposite strand in a direct transesterification reaction, thereby creating 4 DNA ends: 2 hairpin coding ends and 2 blunt, 5'-phosphorylated ends. The chromatin structure plays an essential role in the V(D)| recombination reactions and the presence of histone H3 trimethylated at 'Lys-4' (H3K4me3) stimulates both the nicking and haipinning steps. The RAG complex also plays a role in pre-B cell allelic exclusion, a process leading to expression of a single immunoglobulin heavy chain allele to enforce clonality and monospecific recognition by the B-cell antigen receptor (BCR) expressed on individual B-lymphocytes. The introduction of DNA breaks by the RAG complex on one immunoglobulin allele induces ATM-dependent repositioning of the other allele to pericentromeric heterochromatin, preventing accessibility to the RAG complex and recombination of the second allele. In the RAG complex, RAG2 is not the catalytic component but is required for all known catalytic activities mediated by RAG1. It probably acts as a sensor of chromatin state that recruits the RAG complex to H3K4me3.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

## Performance Guaranteed:

OriGene guarantees that at least two of the three Dicer-Substrate duplexes in the kit will provide at least 70% or more knockdown of the target mRNA when used at 10 nM concentration by quantitative RT-PCR when the TYE-563 fluorescent transfection control duplex (cat# SR30002) indicates that >90% of the cells have been transfected and the HPRT positive control (cat# SR30003) provides 90% knockdown efficiency.

For non-conforming siRNA, requests for replacement product must be made within ninety (90) days from the date of delivery of the siRNA kit. To arrange for a free replacement with newly designed duplexes, please contact Technical Services at techsupport@origene.com. Please provide your data indicating the transfection efficiency and measurement of gene expression knockdown compared to the scrambled siRNA control (quantitative RT-PCR data required).