

## **Product datasheet for SR409319**

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## **Cdk7 Mouse siRNA Oligo Duplex (Locus ID 12572)**

#### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** siRNA Oligo Duplexes

Purity: HPLC purified

Quality Control: Tested by ESI-MS

Sequences: Available with shipment

**Stability:** One year from date of shipment when stored at -20°C.

# of transfections: Approximately 330 transfections/2nmol in 24-well plate under optimized conditions (final

conc. 10 nM).

**Note:** Single siRNA duplex (10nmol) can be ordered.

 RefSeq:
 NM 009874

UniProt ID: Q03147

**Synonyms:** Al323415; Al528512; C230069N13; Cdkn7; Crk4

Components: Cdk7 (Mouse) - 3 unique 27mer siRNA duplexes - 2 nmol each (Locus ID 12572)

Included - SR30004, Trilencer-27 Universal Scrambled Negative Control siRNA Duplex - 2 nmol

Included - SR30005, RNAse free siRNA Duplex Resuspension Buffer - 2 ml



#### Summary:

Serine/threonine kinase involved in cell cycle control and in RNA polymerase II-mediated RNA transcription. Cyclin-dependent kinases (CDKs) are activated by the binding to a cyclin and mediate the progression through the cell cycle. Each different complex controls a specific transition between 2 subsequent phases in the cell cycle. Required for both activation and complex formation of CDK1/cyclin-B during G2-M transition, and for activation of CDK2/cyclins during G1-S transition (but not complex formation). CDK7 is the catalytic subunit of the CDK-activating kinase (CAK) complex. Phosphorylates SPT5/SUPT5H, SF1/NR5A1, POLR2A, p53/TP53, CDK1, CDK2, CDK4, CDK6 and CDK11B/CDK11. CAK activates the cyclinassociated kinases CDK1, CDK2, CDK4 and CDK6 by threonine phosphorylation, thus regulating cell cycle progression. CAK complexed to the core-TFIIH basal transcription factor activates RNA polymerase II by serine phosphorylation of the repetitive C-terminal domain (CTD) of its large subunit (POLR2A), allowing its escape from the promoter and elongation of the transcripts. Phosphorylation of POLR2A in complex with DNA promotes transcription initiation by triggering dissociation from DNA. Its expression and activity are constant throughout the cell cycle. Upon DNA damage, triggers p53/TP53 activation by phosphorylation, but is inactivated in turn by p53/TP53; this feedback loop may lead to an arrest of the cell cycle and of the transcription, helping in cell recovery, or to apoptosis. Required for DNA-bound peptides-mediated transcription and cellular growth inhibition. [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

### Performance Guaranteed:

OriGene guarantees that at least two of the three Dicer-Substrate duplexes in the kit will provide at least 70% or more knockdown of the target mRNA when used at 10 nM concentration by quantitative RT-PCR when the TYE-563 fluorescent transfection control duplex (cat# SR30002) indicates that >90% of the cells have been transfected and the HPRT positive control (cat# SR30003) provides 90% knockdown efficiency.

For non-conforming siRNA, requests for replacement product must be made within ninety (90) days from the date of delivery of the siRNA kit. To arrange for a free replacement with newly designed duplexes, please contact Technical Services at techsupport@origene.com. Please provide your data indicating the transfection efficiency and measurement of gene expression knockdown compared to the scrambled siRNA control (quantitative RT-PCR data required).