

Product datasheet for SM3100P

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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CD11a (ITGAL) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: MEM-83]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: MEM-83
Applications: FC, FN, IP

Recommended Dilution: Flow Cytometry: 1 µg/ml.

Immunoprecipitation.

Functional Application: The antibody *MEM-83* directly induces the binding of T cells to purified ICAM-1. Using an in vitro-translated CDIIa cDNA deletion series, the MEM-83 activation epitope was mapped to the "I" domain of the LFA-1 a subunit. The studies have therefore identified a novel LFA-1 activation epitope mapping to the I domain of LFA-1, which

could play a role in the regulation of LFA-1 binding to ICAM-1.

Reactivity: Human
Host: Mouse
Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: Human peripheral blood lymphocytes

Specificity: The antibody recognizes an unique epitope on CD11a antigen (LFA-1 alpha chain) implicated

in activation of LFA-1 complex.

Formulation: Phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH~7.4

State: Purified

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction (> 95% pure by SDS-PAGE)

Preservative: 15 mM Sodium Azide

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Affinity Chromatography on Protein A

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Storage: Store undiluted at 2-8°C.

DO NOT FREEZE!

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Gene Name: integrin subunit alpha L





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Database Link: Entrez Gene 3683 Human

P20701

Background: CD11a (LFA-1a) together with CD18 constitute leukocyte function-associated antigen 1 (LFA-1),

the aLb2 integrin. CD11a is implicated in activation of LFA-1 complex. LFA-1 is

expressed on the plasma membrane of leukocytes in a low-affinity conformation. Cell stimulation by chemokines or other signals leads to induction the high-affinity conformation, which supports tight binding of LFA-1 to its ligands, the intercellular adhesion molecules ICAM-1, -2, -3. LFA-1 is thus involved in interaction of various immune cells and in their tissue-specific settlement, but participates also in control of cell differentiation and

proliferation and of T-cell effector functions. Blocking of LFA-1 function by specific antibodies or small molecules has become an important therapeutic approach in treatment of multiple inflammatory diseases. For example, humanized anti-LFA-1 antibody Efalizumab (Raptiva) is being used to interfere with T cell migration to sites of inflammation; binding of cholesterol-lowering drug simvastatin to CD11a allosteric site leads to immunomodulation and increase

in lymphocytic cholinergic activity.

Synonyms: Integrin alpha-L, LFA1, LFA-1