

Product datasheet for SM3020APC

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

CD4 (N-term) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: MEM-241]

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: MEM-241

Applications: FC

Recommended Dilution: Flow Cytometry analysis of human blood cells using 10 μl reagent / 100 μl of whole blood

or 106 cells in a suspension.

Reactivity: Human
Host: Mouse
Isotype: IgG1

Clonality: Monoclonal

Immunogen: 2 N-terminal domains of human CD4 fused to human IgG1 Fc

Specificity: The antibody recognizes CD4 antigen, a 55 kDa transmebrane glycoprotein expressed on a

subset of T lymphocytes (helper T-cells) and also on monocytes, tissue macrophages and

granulocytes.

Formulation: Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) containing 15 mM sodium azide

Label: APC

State: Liquid purified Ig fraction

Label: Conjugated with cross-linked Allophycocyanin (APC) under optimum conditions. The

conjugate is purified by size-exclusion chromatography and adjusted for direct use.

Conjugation: APC

Storage: Store the antibody at 2 - 8 °C. DO NOT FREEZE! This product is photosensitive and should be

protected from light.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Gene Name: CD4 molecule

Database Link: Entrez Gene 920 Human

P01730





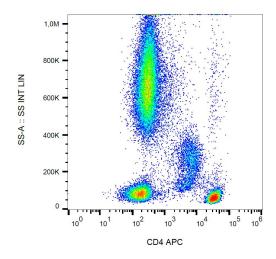
Background:

CD4 is a single chain transmembrane glycoprotein and belongs to immunoglobulin supergene family. In extracellular region there are 4 immunoglobulin-like domains (1 Ig-like V-type and 3 Ig-like C2-type). Transmembrane region forms 25 aa, cytoplasmic tail consists of 38 aa. Domains 1,2 and 4 are stabilized by disulfide bonds. The intracellular domain of CD4 is associated with p56Lck, a Src-like protein tyrosine kinase. It was described that CD4 segregates into specific detergent-resistant T-cell membrane microdomains. Extracellular ligands: MHC class II molecules (binds to CDR2-like region in CD4 domain 1); HIV envelope protein gp120 (binds to CDR2-like region in CD4 domain 1); IL-16 (binds to CD4 domain 3), Human seminal plasma glycoprotein gp17 (binds to CD4 domain 1), L-selectin Intracellular ligands: p56Lck

CD4 is a co-receptor involved in immune response (co-receptor activity in binding to MHC class II molecules) and HIV infection (human immunodeficiency virus; CD4 is primary receptor for HIV-1 surface glycoprotein gp120). CD4 regulates T-cell activation, T/B-cell adhesion, T-cell differentiation, T-cell selection and signal transduction. Defects in antigen presentation (MHC class II) cause dysfunction of CD4+ T-cells and their almost complete absence in patients blood, tissue and organs (SCID immunodeficiency).

Synonyms: T-cell surface antigen T4/Leu-3

Product images:



Surface staining of human peripheral blood cells with anti-human CD4 (MEM-241) APC.