

## Product datasheet for **SM3009F**

### CD14 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: MEM-18]

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	MEM-18
Applications:	FC
Recommended Dilution:	<b>Flow Cytometry analysis</b> of human blood cells using 20 µl reagent / 100 µl of whole blood or 10 <sup>6</sup> cells in a suspension.
Reactivity:	Human, Primate
Host:	Mouse
Isotype:	IgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	A crude mixture of human urinary proteins precipitated by ammonium sulphate from the urine of a patient suffering from proteinuria
Specificity:	This antibody (MEM-18) reacts with CD14, a 53-55 kDa GPI (glycosylphosphatidylinositol)-linked membrane glycoprotein expressed on monocytes, macrophages and weakly on granulocytes; also expressed by most tissue macrophages. In human, the epitope recognized by MEM-18 is located between amino acids 57-64.
Formulation:	Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) solution containing 15mM sodium azide Label: FITC State: Liquid purified Ig fraction (> 95 % by PAGE) Label: Conjugated with Fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC) under optimum conditions. The reagent is free of unconjugated FITC and adjusted for direct use.
Conjugation:	FITC
Storage:	Store the antibody in the dark at 2-8°C. <b>Do Not Freeze.</b> Avoid prolonged exposure to light.
Stability:	Shelf life: One year from despatch.
Gene Name:	CD14 molecule
Database Link:	<a href="#">Entrez Gene 929 Human P08571</a>



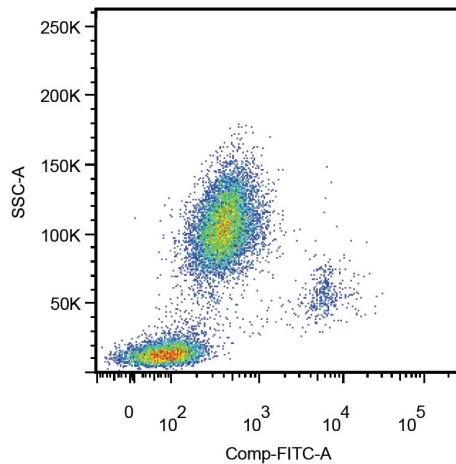
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**Background:**

CD14 is a 55 kDa GPI-anchored glycoprotein, constitutively expressed on the surface of mature monocytes, macrophages, and neutrophils, where serves as a multifunctional lipopolysaccharide receptor; it is also released to the serum both as a secreted and enzymatically cleaved GPI-anchored form. CD14 binds lipopolysaccharide molecule in a reaction catalyzed by lipopolysaccharide-binding protein (LBP), an acute phase serum protein. The soluble sCD14 is able to discriminate slight structural differences between lipopolysaccharides and is important for neutralization of serum allochthonous lipopolysaccharides by reconstituted lipoprotein particles. CD14 affects allergic, inflammatory and infectious processes.

**Synonyms:**

CD14

**Product images:**

Surface staining of human peripheral blood leukocytes using anti-human CD14 (clone MEM-18) FITC.