

Product datasheet for **SM259PS**

Cd8a Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: OX-8]

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	OX-8
Applications:	FC, IHC, IP, WB
Recommended Dilution:	Flow Cytometry: 1/100; Use 10µl of the suggested working dilution to label 10e6 cells in 100µl. Immunohistochemistry on Frozen and Paraffin Sections: This product does not require protein digestion pre-treatment of paraffin embedded sections; This product does not require antigen retrieval using heat treatment prior to staining of paraffin embedded sections. Immunoprecipitation.
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Mouse
Isotype:	IgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Rat thymocyte membrane glycoproteins. Spleen cells from immunised BALB/c mice were fused with cells of the NS1 mouse myeloma cell line.
Specificity:	This antibody recognises the CD8 alpha cell surface antigen, expressed by a subset of T lymphocytes, most thymocytes and the majority of NK cells. Clone MRC OX-8 is suitable for use in in vitro blocking studies. We recommend the use of SM259A for this purpose. This clone has been described reacting with paraffin-embedded material following PLP Fixation (periodatelysine paraformaldehyde)
Formulation:	PBS, pH 7.2 State: Purified State: Liquid purified IgG fraction from tissue culture supernatant Preservative: 0.09% Sodium Azide
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Affinity Chromatography on Protein G
Conjugation:	Unconjugated



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Storage:	Store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	CD8a molecule
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 24930 Rat P07725
Background:	The CD8 antigen is a cell surface glycoprotein found on most cytotoxic T lymphocytes that mediates efficient cell to cell interactions within the immune system. The CD8 antigen, acting as a coreceptor, and the T cell receptor on the T lymphocyte recognize antigen displayed by an antigen presenting cell (APC) in the context of class I MHC molecules. The functional coreceptor is either a homodimer composed of two alpha chains, or a heterodimer composed of one alpha and one beta chain. Both alpha and beta chains share significant homology to immunoglobulin variable light chains.
Synonyms:	CD8 alpha chain, CD8A, MAL