

## Product datasheet for **SM1529PP**

### CD19 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: LT19]

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Clone Name:	LT19
Applications:	FC
Recommended Dilution:	Flow Cytometry analysis of human blood cells using 10 µl reagent / 100 µl of whole blood or 10 <sup>6</sup> cells in a suspension. The content of a vial (1 ml) is sufficient for 100 tests.
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
Isotype:	IgG1
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Immunogen:	Daudi human Burkitt lymphoma cell line
Specificity:	This antibody reacts with CD19 (B4), a 95 kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein (immunoglobulin superfamily) expressed on B lymphocytes and follicular dendritic cells; it is lost on plasma cells.
Formulation:	Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) Label: PerCP State: Liquid purified Ig fraction Stabilizer: 0.2% (w/v) high-grade protease free Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) Preservative: 15 mM sodium azide
Conjugation:	PerCP
Storage:	Store undiluted at 2-8°C. DO NOT FREEZE! This products is photosensitive and should be protected from light.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	CD19 molecule
Database Link:	<a href="#">Entrez Gene 930 Human P15391</a>



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**Background:**

CD19 is a transmembrane glycoprotein of Ig superfamily expressed by B cells from the time of heavy chain rearrangement until plasma cell differentiation. It forms a tetrameric complex with CD21 (complement receptor type 2), CD81 (TAPA-1) and Leu13. Together with BCR (B cell antigen receptor), this complex signals to decrease B cell threshold for activation by the antigen. Besides being signal-amplifying coreceptor for BCR, CD19 can also signal independently of BCR coligation and it turns out to be a central regulatory component upon which multiple signaling pathways converge. Mutation of the CD19 gene results in hypogammaglobulinemia, whereas CD19 overexpression causes B cell hyperactivity.

**Synonyms:**

Leu-12, B-cell marker