

Product datasheet for SC335701

CCR7 (NM 001301718) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: CCR7 (NM_001301718) Human Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free Symbol: CCR7

Synonyms: BLR2; CC-CKR-7; CCR-7; CD197; CDw197; CMKBR7; EBI1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

Vector:pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)E. coli Selection:Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >SC335701 representing NM_001301718.

Blue=Insert sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tag(s)

GATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCCGCCGCGATCGCC

ATGAAAAGCGTGCTGGTGGTGGCTCTCCTTGTCATTTTCCAGGTATGCCTGTGTCAAGATGAGGTCACG GACGATTACATCGGAGACAACACCACAGTGGACTACACTTTGTTCGAGTCTTTGTGCTCCAAGAAGGAC GTGCGGAACTTTAAAGCCTGGTTCCTCCCTATCATGTACTCCATCATTTGTTTCGTGGGCCTACTGGGC AACCTGGCGGTGGCAGACATCCTCTTCCTCCTGACCCTTCCCTTCTGGGCCTACAGCGCGGCCAAGTCC TGGGTCTTCGGTGTCCACTTTTGCAAGCTCATCTTTGCCATCTACAAGATGAGCTTCTTCAGTGGCATG CTCCTACTTCTTTGCATCAGCATTGACCGCTACGTGGCCATCGTCCAGGCTGTCTCAGCTCACCGCCAC CGTGCCCGCGTCCTTCTCATCAGCAAGCTGTCCTGTGTGGGCATCTGGATACTAGCCACAGTGCTCTCC ATCCCAGAGCTCCTGTACAGTGACCTCCAGAGGAGCAGCAGTGAGCAAGCGATGCGATGCTCTCTCATC ACAGAGCATGTGGAGGCCTTTATCACCATCCAGGTGGCCCAGATGGTGATCGGCTTTCTGGTCCCCCTG CTGGCCATGAGCTTCTGTTACCTTGTCATCATCCGCACCCTGCTCCAGGCACGCAACTTTGAGCGCAAC AAGGCCATCAAGGTGATCATCGCTGTGGTCGTGGTCTTCATAGTCTTCCAGCTGCCCTACAATGGGGTG GTCCTGGCCCAGACGGTGGCCAACTTCAACATCACCAGTAGCACCTGTGAGCTCAGTAAGCAACTCAAC ATCGCCTACGACGTCACCTACAGCCTGGCCTGCGTCCGCTGCGTCAACCCTTTCTTGTACGCCTTC ATCGGCGTCAAGTTCCGCAACGATCTCTTCAAGCTCTTCAAGGACCTGGGCTGCCTCAGCCAGGAGCAG CTCCGGCAGTGGTCTTCCTGTCGGCACATCCGGCGCTCCTCCATGAGTGTGGAGGCCGAGACCACCACC **ACCTTCTCCCCATAG**

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTGGAT

TACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGTTTAAACGGCCGGC

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul



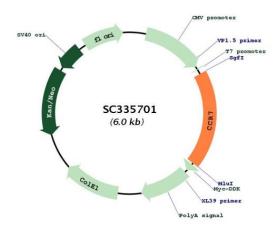
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Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM_001301718

Insert Size: 1119 bp

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001301718.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 2303 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1119 bp

 Locus ID:
 1236

 UniProt ID:
 P32248

Cytogenetics:

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane

17q21.2

Protein Pathways: Chemokine signaling pathway, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction



MW:

42.2 kDa

Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the G protein-coupled receptor family. This receptor was identified as a gene induced by the Epstein-Barr virus (EBV), and is thought to be a mediator of EBV effects on B lymphocytes. This receptor is expressed in various lymphoid tissues and activates B and T lymphocytes. It has been shown to control the migration of memory T cells to inflamed tissues, as well as stimulate dendritic cell maturation. The chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 19 (CCL19/ECL) has been reported to be a specific ligand of this receptor. Signals mediated by this receptor regulate T cell homeostasis in lymph nodes, and may also function in the activation and polarization of T cells, and in chronic inflammation pathogenesis. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2014]

Transcript Variant: This variant (5) contains an alternate 5' terminal exon, and it thus differs in its 5' UTR and initiates translation at a downstream in-frame start codon, compared to variant 1. The encoded isoform (c) is shorter at the N-terminus, compared to isoform a. Variants 3, 4 and 5 all encode isoform c.