

## Product datasheet for **SC335131**

### Mu Opioid Receptor (OPRM1) (NM\_001285527) Human Untagged Clone

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	Mu Opioid Receptor (OPRM1) (NM_001285527) Human Untagged Clone
Tag:	Tag Free
Symbol:	OPRM1
Synonyms:	LMOR; M-OR-1; MOP; MOR; MOR1; OPRM
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)
E. coli Selection:	Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)
Fully Sequenced ORF:	>NCBI ORF sequence for NM_001285527, the custom clone sequence may differ by one or more nucleotides

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ATGAAGACTGCCACCAACATCTACATTTTCAACCTTGCTCTGGCAGATGCCTTAGCCACCAGTACCCTGC  
CCTTCCAGAGTGTGAATTACCTAATGGGAACATGGCCATTTGGAACCATCCTTTGCAAGATAGTGATCTC  
CATAGATTACTATAACATGTTCCACCAGCATATTCACCCTCTGCACCATGAGTGTTGATCGATACATTGCA  
GTCTGCCACCCTGTCAAGGCCTTAGATTTCCGTAATGTTTCATGGCTACAACAAAATACAGGCAAGTTCCAT  
AGATTGTACACTAACATTCTCATCCAACCTGGTACTGGGAAAACCTGCTGAAGATCTGTGTTTTTCATC  
TTCGCCTTCATTATGCCAGTGCTCATCATTACCGTGTGCTATGGACTGATGATCTTGCCTCAAGAGTG  
TCCGCATGCTCTCTGGCTCAAAGAAAAGGACAGGAATCTTCAAGGATCACCAGGATGGTGTGGTGGT  
GGTGGCTGTGTTTCATCGTCTGCTGGACTCCCATTCACATTTACGTCATCATTAAAGCCTTGGTTACAATC  
CCAGAAACTACGTTCCAGACTGTTTCTGGCACTTCTGCATTGCTCTAGGTTACACAAACAGCTGCCTCA  
ACCCAGTCCTTTATGCATTTCTGGATGAAAACCTCAAACGATGCTTACAGAGATTCTGTATCCCAACCTC  
TTCCAACATTGAGCAACAAAACCTCACTCGAATTCGTGAGAACTAGAGACCACCCCTCCACGGCCAAT  
ACAGTGGATAGAATAATCATCAGGTACGCAGTCTAG
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Restriction Sites:	Sgfl-MluI
ACCN:	NM_001285527
OTI Disclaimer:	Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).



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<b>Components:</b>	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
<b>Reconstitution Method:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.</li><li>2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.</li><li>3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.</li><li>4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.</li><li>5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.</li></ol>
<b>RefSeq:</b>	<u><a href="#">NM_001285527.1</a></u> , <u><a href="#">NP_001272456.1</a></u>
<b>RefSeq Size:</b>	1404 bp
<b>RefSeq ORF:</b>	879 bp
<b>Locus ID:</b>	4988
<b>UniProt ID:</b>	<u><a href="#">P35372</a></u>
<b>Cytogenetics:</b>	6q25.2
<b>Protein Families:</b>	Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane
<b>Protein Pathways:</b>	Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction
<b>Gene Summary:</b>	<p>This gene encodes one of at least three opioid receptors in humans; the mu opioid receptor (MOR). The MOR is the principal target of endogenous opioid peptides and opioid analgesic agents such as beta-endorphin and enkephalins. The MOR also has an important role in dependence to other drugs of abuse, such as nicotine, cocaine, and alcohol via its modulation of the dopamine system. The NM_001008503.2:c.118A&gt;G allele has been associated with opioid and alcohol addiction and variations in pain sensitivity but evidence for it having a causal role is conflicting. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. Though the canonical MOR belongs to the superfamily of 7-transmembrane-spanning G-protein-coupled receptors some isoforms of this gene have only 6 transmembrane domains. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2013]</p> <p>Transcript Variant: This variant (MOR-1W; also known as mu3-like and MOR-1A delta) represents use of an alternate promoter and 5' UTR, uses a downstream start codon, and uses an alternate 3' exon, compared to variant MOR-1i. The resulting isoform (MOR-1W) has a shorter N-terminus and a shorter and distinct C-terminus, compared to isoform MOR-1i.</p>