

Product datasheet for SC334891

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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MBD3 (NM_001281454) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: MBD3 (NM_001281454) Human Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free Symbol: MBD3

Mammalian Cell Neomycin

Selection:

Vector:

pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)

E. coli Selection: Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >NCBI ORF sequence for NM_001281454, the custom clone sequence may differ by one or

more nucleotides

GCACGTCTAG

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

ACCN: NM_001281454

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).





Reconstitution Method:

- 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
- 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
- 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001281454.1, NP 001268383.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 2417 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 780 bp

 Locus ID:
 53615

 UniProt ID:
 095983

 Cytogenetics:
 19p13.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors

Gene Summary: DNA methylation is the major modification of eukaryotic genomes and plays an essential role

in mammalian development. This gene belongs to a family of nuclear proteins which are characterized by the presence of a methyl-CpG binding domain (MBD). The encoded protein is a subunit of the NuRD, a multisubunit complex containing nucleosome remodeling and histone deacetylase activities. Unlike the other family members, the encoded protein is not capable of binding to methylated DNA. The protein mediates the association of metastasis-associated protein 2 with the core histone deacetylase complex. Alternative splicing results in

multiple transcript variants of this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]

Transcript Variant: This variant (2) uses an alternate in-frame splice site in the 5' coding region, compared to variant 1. It encodes isoform 2, which lacks an internal segment and is

shorter, compared to isoform 1.