

Product datasheet for SC334814

E2F6 (NM 001278275) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: E2F6 (NM_001278275) Human Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free

Symbol: E2F6

Synonyms: E2F-6

Mammalian Cell Neo

Selection:

Neomycin

Vector: pCMV6-Entry (PS100001) **E. coli Selection:** Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >NCBI ORF sequence for NM_001278275, the custom clone sequence may differ by one or

more nucleotides

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

ACCN: NM 001278275

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).



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E2F6 (NM_001278275) Human Untagged Clone - SC334814

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001278275.1</u>, <u>NP 001265204.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 3317 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 750 bp

 Locus ID:
 1876

 UniProt ID:
 075461

 Cytogenetics:
 2p25.1

Protein Families: Transcription Factors

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of a family of transcription factors that play a crucial role in the

control of the cell cycle. The protein encoded by this gene lacks the transactivation and tumor suppressor protein association domains found in other family members, and contains a modular suppression domain that functions in the inhibition of transcription. It interacts in a

complex with chromatin modifying factors. There are pseudogenes for this gene on

chromosomes 22 and X. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided

by RefSeq, May 2013]

Transcript Variant: This variant (b) contains an alternate exon in the 5' region and initiates translation at an alternate start site, compared to variant a. The encoded isoform (2) is shorter and has a distinct N-terminus, compared to isoform 1. Sequence Note: This RefSeq record was created from transcript and genomic sequence data to make the sequence consistent with the reference genome assembly. The genomic coordinates used for the transcript record

were based on transcript alignments.