

## **Product datasheet for SC334674**

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## DYRK4 (NM\_001282285) Human Untagged Clone

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Expression Plasmids

**Product Name:** DYRK4 (NM\_001282285) Human Untagged Clone

Tag:Tag FreeSymbol:DYRK4

Mammalian Cell Neomycin

Selection:

Vector:pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)E. coli Selection:Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >NCBI ORF sequence for NM\_001282285, the custom clone sequence may differ by one or

more nucleotides

**TATGA** 

**Restriction Sites:** Sgfl-Mlul

ACCN: NM\_001282285

**OTI Disclaimer:** Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

**Components:** The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).





**Reconstitution Method:** 

- 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
- 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
- 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

**RefSeq:** NM 001282285.1, NP 001269214.1

 RefSeq Size:
 968 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 705 bp

 Locus ID:
 8798

 Cytogenetics:
 12p13.32

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes an enzyme that belongs to a conserved family of serine/threonine protein

kinases. Members of this dual specificity kinase family are thought to function in the regulation of cell differentiation and proliferation, survival, and in development. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Additional alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene have been described, but their full-length nature is not known. [provided

by RefSeq, Aug 2013]

Transcript Variant: This variant (2) differs in the 5' UTR and represents the use of an alternate promoter which results in translation initiation at a downstream AUG compared to variant 1.

The resulting isoform (2) has a shorter N-terminus compared to isoform 1.