

Product datasheet for SC333222

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

C18orf1 (LDLRAD4) (NM_001276249) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: C18orf1 (LDLRAD4) (NM_001276249) Human Untagged Clone

Tag:Tag FreeSymbol:C18orf1Synonyms:C18orf1

Vector: pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >SC333222 representing NM_001276249.

Blue=Insert sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tag(s)

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

ACCN: NM 001276249

Insert Size: 690 bp

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).





Reconstitution Method:

- 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
- 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
- 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
- 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: NM 001276249.1

RefSeq Size: 8138 bp
RefSeq ORF: 690 bp
Locus ID: 753

 UniProt ID:
 O15165

 Cytogenetics:
 18p11.21

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

MW: 25.6 kDa

Gene Summary: Functions as a negative regulator of TGF-beta signaling and thereby probably plays a role in

cell proliferation, differentiation, apoptosis, motility, extracellular matrix production and immunosuppression. In the canonical TGF-beta pathway, ZFYVE9/SARA recruits the

intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulators SMAD2 and SMAD3 to the TGF-beta receptor. Phosphorylated by the receptor, SMAD2 and SMAD3 then form a heteromeric complex with SMAD4 that translocates to the nucleus to regulate transcription. Through interaction with SMAD2 and SMAD3, LDLRAD4 may compete with ZFYVE9 and SMAD4 and

prevent propagation of the intracellular signal.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

Transcript Variant: This variant (d1) contains an alternate 5' terminal exon, differs in its 5' UTR, lacks a portion of the 5' coding region, and initiates translation at a downstream in-frame start codon, compared to variant a1. The encoded isoform (delta 1) is shorter at the N-terminus, compared to isoform alpha 1. Sequence Note: This RefSeq record was created from transcript and genomic sequence data to make the sequence consistent with the reference genome assembly. The genomic coordinates used for the transcript record were based on

transcript alignments.