

Product datasheet for SC329911

CDHH (CDH13) (NM 001220491) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: CDHH (CDH13) (NM_001220491) Human Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free
Symbol: CDH13

Synonyms: CDHH; P105

Vector: pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >SC329911 representing NM_001220491.

Blue=Insert sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tag(s)

ATTACAATTTTAGCAATT<mark>TAA</mark>

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

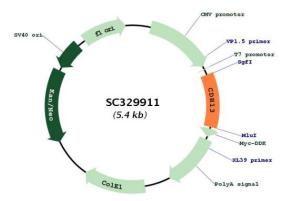
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Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM_001220491

Insert Size: 573 bp

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).





Reconstitution Method:

- 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
- 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
- 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
- 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: NM 001220491.1

 RefSeq Size:
 955 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 573 bp

 Locus ID:
 1012

 UniProt ID:
 P55290

 Cytogenetics:
 16q23.3

 MW:
 21.1 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the cadherin superfamily. The encoded protein is localized to

the surface of the cell membrane and is anchored by a GPI moiety, rather than by a transmembrane domain. The protein lacks the cytoplasmic domain characteristic of other cadherins, and so is not thought to be a cell-cell adhesion glycoprotein. This protein acts as a negative regulator of axon growth during neural differentiation. It also protects vascular endothelial cells from apoptosis due to oxidative stress, and is associated with resistance to atherosclerosis. The gene is hypermethylated in many types of cancer. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, May

2011]

Transcript Variant: This variant (5) lacks several coding exons and uses an alternate 3' terminal exon, compared to variant 1. It encodes isoform 5, which is shorter and has a distinct C-

terminus, compared to isoform 1.