

## **Product datasheet for SC329575**

## DAP3 (NM 001199851) Human Untagged Clone

## **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Expression Plasmids

**Product Name:** DAP3 (NM\_001199851) Human Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free Symbol: DAP3

Synonyms: bMRP-10; DAP-3; MRP-S29; MRPS29; S29mt

**Vector:** pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >SC329575 representing NM\_001199851.

Blue=Insert sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tag(s)

AACCCCTCGCTGCTGGAGCGGCACTGTGCCTACCTCTAA

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul



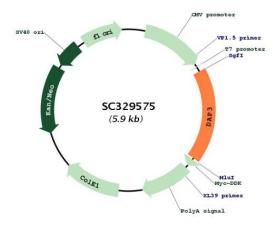
**OriGene Technologies, Inc.** 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



## Plasmid Map:



**ACCN:** NM\_001199851

**Insert Size:** 1074 bp

**OTI Disclaimer:** Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

**Components:** The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

**Reconstitution Method:** 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

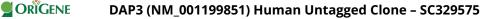
at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 001199851.1</u>

RefSeq Size: 1945 bp



 RefSeq ORF:
 1074 bp

 Locus ID:
 7818

 UniProt ID:
 P51398

 Cytogenetics:
 1q22

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

**MW:** 41 kDa

**Gene Summary:** Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in

protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 28S subunit protein that also participates in apoptotic pathways which are initiated by tumor necrosis factoralpha, Fas ligand, and gamma interferon. This protein potentially binds ATP/GTP and might be a functional partner of the mitoribosomal protein S27. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. Pseudogenes

corresponding to this gene are found on chromosomes 1q and 2q. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2010]

Transcript Variant: This variant (5) lacks an in-frame exon in the CDS, as compared to variant 2. The resulting isoform (3) lacks an internal segment, as compared to isoform 1. Sequence Note: This RefSeq record was created from transcript and genomic sequence data to make the sequence consistent with the reference genome assembly. The genomic coordinates used for the transcript record were based on transcript alignments.