

Product datasheet for SC329483

SPON2 (NM 001199021) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: SPON2 (NM_001199021) Human Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free Symbol: SPON2

Synonyms: DIL-1; DIL1; M-SPONDIN; MINDIN

Vector: pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >SC329483 representing NM_001199021.

Blue=Insert sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tag(s)

 $\mathsf{GCTGAGTGCGTCCTGATAACTGCGTC}^{\mathsf{TAA}}$

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul



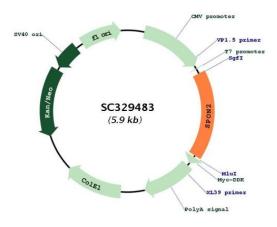
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Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM_001199021

Insert Size: 996 bp

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001199021.1</u>



SPON2 (NM_001199021) Human Untagged Clone - SC329483

RefSeq Size: 2179 bp
RefSeq ORF: 996 bp
Locus ID: 10417
UniProt ID: Q9BUD6
Cytogenetics: 4p16.3

Protein Families: Secreted Protein

MW: 35.8 kDa

Gene Summary: Cell adhesion protein that promotes adhesion and outgrowth of hippocampal embryonic

neurons. Binds directly to bacteria and their components and functions as an opsonin for macrophage phagocytosis of bacteria. Essential in the initiation of the innate immune response and represents a unique pattern-recognition molecule in the ECM for microbial pathogens (By similarity). Binds bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot

Function]

Transcript Variant: This variant (3) differs in the 5' UTR compared to variant 1. It also represents a read-through transcript because it shares its first exon with that of the upstream, non-coding gene (GeneID:100130872). Variants 1, 2 and 3 all encode the same

protein.