

Product datasheet for **SC323392**

MNK1 (MKNK1) (NM_003684) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	MNK1 (MKNK1) (NM_003684) Human Untagged Clone
Tag:	Tag Free
Symbol:	MNK1
Synonyms:	MNK1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	<u>pCMV6-XL5</u>
E. coli Selection:	Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)
Fully Sequenced ORF:	>NCBI ORF sequence for NM_003684, the custom clone sequence may differ by one or more nucleotides

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ATGGTATCTTCTCAAAGTTGGAAAAACCTATAGAGATGGGCAGTAGCGAACCCCTCCCATCGCAGATG
GTGACAGGAGGAGGAAGAAGAAGCGGAGGGGCCGGCCACTGACTCCTTGCCAGGAAAGTTGAAGATAT
GTACAAGCTGACCTCTGAATTGCTTGGAGAGGGAGCCTATGCCAAAGTTCAAGGTGCCGTGAGCCTACAG
AATGGCAAAGAGTATGCCGTCAAATCATCGAGAAACAAGCAGGGCACAGTCGGAGTAGGGTGTTCGAG
AGGTGGAGACGCTGTATCAGTGCAGGGAAACAAGAACATTTGGAGCTGATTGAGTTCTTTGAAGATGA
CACAAGGTTTTACTTGGTCTTTGAGAAATTGCAAGGAGGTTCCATCTTAGCCACATCCAGAAGCAAAG
CACTTCAATGAGCGAGAAGCCAGCCGAGTGGTGCGGGACGTTGCTGCTGCCCTTGACTTCTGCATACCA
AAGACAAAGTCTCTCTGTACCTAGGCTGGAGTGCTATGGCGCCATCAGGGCTCACTGCAGCCCCAAC
CTCCCTGGGCTCCAGTGATCCTCCACCTCAGCCTCCCAAGTAGCTGGGACTACAGGCATTGCTCATCGT
GATCTGAAACCAGAAAATATATTGTGTGAATCTCCAGAAAAGGTGTCTCCAGTGAATACTGTGACTTTG
ACTTGGGCAGTGGGATGAAACTGAACTCCTGTACCCCATACCACACCAGAGCTGACCACCCCATG
TGGCTCTGCAGAAATACATGGCCCTGAGGTAGTGGAGGCTTTCACGGACCAGGCCACATTCTACGACAAG
CGCTGTGACCTGTGGAGCCTGGGCGTGGTCTCTACATCATGTGAGTGGCTACCCACCTTCGTGGGTC
ACTGCGGGGCCGACTGTGGCTGGGACCGGGGCGAGGTCTGCAGGGTGTGCCAGAACAAAGCTGTTGAAAG
CATCCAGGAAGGCAAGTATGAGTTTCTGACAAGGACTGGGCACACATCTCCAGTGAAGCCAAAGACCTC
ATCTCCAAGCTCCTGGTGCAGATGCAAAGCAGAGACTTAGCGCCGCCAAGTTCTGCAGCACCCATGGG
TGACAGGGCAAGCTCCAGAAAAGGGACTCCCCACGCCGAAGTCTCCAGAGGAACAGCAGCACAATGGA
CCTGACGCTCTTCGAGCTGAGGCCATCGCCCTTAACCGCCAGCTATCTCAGCACGAAGAGAACGAACTA
GCAGAGGAGCCAGAGGCACTAGCTGATGGCCTCTGCTCCATGAAGCTTTCCCTCCCTGCAAGTCAAGCC
TGGCCCGAGACGGGCCCTGGCCAGGCAGGCCGTGGTGAAGACAGGAGCCCGCCACAGCACTCTGA

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5' Read Nucleotide Sequence:	>OriGene 5' read for mutant NM_003684 unedited CCCGCCCGTTGAGCAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGA ACCGTCAGAAATTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGAATTCGGCACGAGGCCGCGTTCTCGGA GGAGCGATCTGCAGGTTTCCATGTCAGAGGCCGATGGAGAAGTGAAGATTGCCACCTACGCACAAAGGCC ATTGAGACACTTCGTGTAGCTGGAAGACACCAACTTCCTGACAGGAGCTTTATTTTCATTTGGGATTTCAA GTTTACAGATGGTATCTTCTCAAAGTTGAAAAACCTATAGAGATGGGCAGTAGCGAACCCCTTCCCAT CGCAGATGGTGACAGGAGGAGGAGAAGAAGCGGAGGGGCCGCGGACTGACTTCCTTGCCAGAAAGTT TGAGATATGTACAAGCTTGACCCTCTGATTGCTTGAAGAGGGGAGCCCTATGCAAAGTTCAAGTTGCGTG AGCCTCCAGAATGAAAAATTATGCCGTATGATTATGAAAACCAAGAGGCAAAGTCCGAAGAGGGTTCA GAGGTGAAACGCGTTTTTCAGGGCCAGGAACCAGAACATTTGGACGTGATGAGTTTTTAAAGAGACCAGG TTTACTGTGCTTAAAAATGCAGAGAGTTCCATTAGCCCATCCAGACAAAGCCTTTATAGACGAGACCCC ATGTGTCGGACTGTGCGTCTGATCGGACCAAGCTGCTTGTCTGAACGAAATTGTGGATCCAAGTCCG GAACTGGGATCATGCGCGGTAATGACCCTGACTTAGACGATCATTGTCCTATTGGCCGAGTGAGGTGCGA CCAAATTGAGGCCTGGT
Kinase Domain Sequence:	>SC323392 kinase domain raw sequence. By performing BLASTX analysis with this sequence against NCBI reference protein database, you can confirm the presence of the kinase-deficient mutation CSATGARCAAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGT CAGAAATTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGAATTCGGCACGAGGCCGCGTTCTCGGAGGAGC GATCTGCAGGTTTCCATGTCAGAGGCCGATGGAGAAGTGAAGATTGCCACCTACGCACAAAGGCCATTGA GACACTTCGTGTAGCTGGAAGACACCAACTTCCTGACAGGAGCTT
Restriction Sites:	Please inquire
ACCN:	NM_003684
OTI Disclaimer:	Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at custsupport@origene.com or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery. The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This kinase-deficient mutant clone was generated by created by site-directed mutagenesis from the corresponding wild-type clone. See details in "Application of active and kinase-deficient kinome collection for identification of kinases regulating hedgehog signaling." Cell. 2008 May p536-548.
Components:	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
RefSeq:	NM_003684.3 , NP_003675.2
RefSeq Size:	2736 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1398 bp
Locus ID:	8569
UniProt ID:	Q9BUB5
Cytogenetics:	1p33
Domains:	pkinase, TyrKc, S_TKc
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase
Protein Pathways:	Insulin signaling pathway, MAPK signaling pathway
Gene Summary:	<p>This gene encodes a Ser/Thr protein kinase that interacts with, and is activated by ERK1 and p38 mitogen-activated protein kinases, and thus may play a role in the response to environmental stress and cytokines. This kinase may also regulate transcription by phosphorylating eIF4E via interaction with the C-terminal region of eIF4G. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been noted for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2012]</p> <p>Transcript Variant: This variant (1) encodes the longest isoform (1). CCDS Note: The coding region has been updated to scale back the N-terminus to one that is more supported by the available transcript data and by conservation across mammals.</p>