

Product datasheet for **SC317887**

AGPAT7 (LPCAT4) (NM_153613) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	AGPAT7 (LPCAT4) (NM_153613) Human Untagged Clone
Tag:	Tag Free
Symbol:	LPCAT4
Synonyms:	AGPAT7; AYTL3; LPAAT-eta; LPEAT2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)
E. coli Selection:	Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)



[View online »](#)

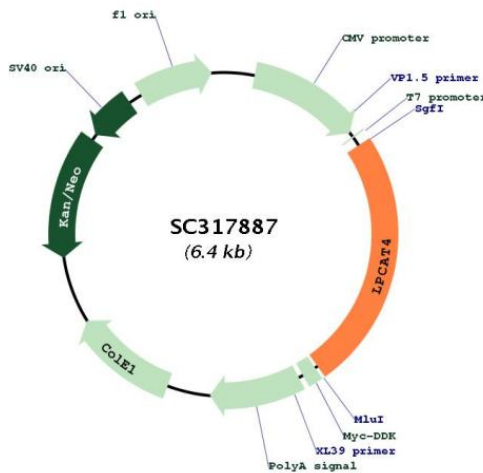
Fully Sequenced ORF: >SC317887 representing NM_153613.
 Blue=Insert sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tag(s)

```

GCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGAATTTTGTAAACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGGAATTCGTGCGACTG
GATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCCGCCGCGATCGCC
ATGAGCCAGGGAAGTCCGGGGGACTGGGCCCCCTAGATCCCACCCCGGACCCCAAGCATCCCCAAC
CCCTTCGTGCATGAGTTACATCTCTCGCTCCAGAGGGTTAAGTTCTGCCTCCTGGGGCATTGCTG
GCCCCATCCGAGTGCTTCTGGCCTTTATCGTCTCTTTCTCCTCTGGCCCTTGGCTGGCTTCAAGTG
GCCGCTTAGTGAGGAGCAGCTTCAGGAGCAATTACAGGATGGAGGAAGACTGTGTGCCACAACGGG
GTGCTAGGCCTGAGCCGCTGCTGTTTTCTGCTGGGCTTCTCCGGATTTCGCTTGGCCAGCGA
GCCTCTCGCCTTCAAGCCCTGCTTGTGTGCTGCCCCACTCCACTTTCTTGACCCATTGTTCTG
CTGCCCTGTGACCTGCCAAAGTTGTGTCCGAGCTGAGAACCTTTCGTTCTGTCAATTGGAGCCCTT
CTTCGATCAACCAAGCCATCCTGGTATCCCGCATGACCCGGCTTCTCGACGCAGAGTGGTGGAGGAG
GTCCGAAGGCGGCCACCTCAGGAGCAAGTGGCCGAGGTGCTATTCTTCTGAGGGCACCTGTTC
AACAGAAGGCTTTGCTTAAGTTCAAACAGGAGCCTTATCGCAGGGGTGCCTGTGCAGCCTGTCTC
ATCCGCTACCCCAACAGTCTGGACACCACAGCTGGGCATGGAGGGTCTGGAGTACTCAAAGTCCTC
TGGCTCACAGCCTCTCAGCCCTGCAGCATTGTGGATGTGGAGTTCCTTCCTGTGTATACCCAGCCCT
GAGGAGAGCAGGGACCCACCCTCTATGCCAACAAATGTTAGAGGGTTCATGGCACAGGCTCTGGGCATT
CCAGCCACCGAATGTGAGTTTGTAGGGAGCTTACCTGTGATTGTGGTGGGCCGGCTGAAGGTGGCGTTG
GAACCACAGCTCTGGAACTGGGAAAAGTGCTTCGGAAGGCTGGGCTGTCCGCTGGCTATGTGGACGCT
GGGGCAGAGCCAGGCCGAGTGAATGATCAGCCAGGAAGAGTTGCCAGGCAGCTACAGCTCTCTGAT
CCTCAGACGGTGGCTGGTGCCTTTGGCTACTTCCAGCAGGATACCAAGGGTTTGGTGGACTCCGAGAT
GTGGCCCTTGCACTAGCAGCTCTGGATGGGGCAGGAGCCTGGAAGAGCTAACTCGTCTGGCCTTTGAG
CTCTTTGCTGAAGAGCAAGCAGAGGGTCCCAACCGCTGTGTACAAGACGGCTTCAGCACCATCCTG
CACCTGTGCTGGTTTACCCACCCTGTGCCACAGCTTTCATGCTGAGCTGTGCCAGGCAGGATCC
AGCCAAGGCTCTCCCTGTGTCAGTTCCAGAATTCTCCCTCCATGACCCACTCTATGGGAACTCTTC
AGCACCTACCTGCGCCCCCACACCTCTCGAGGCACCTCCAGACACCAATGCCTCATCCCCAGGC
AACCCACTGCTCTGGCCATGGGACTGTGCAAGCAGCAAGCAGAGGGAGACTGA
ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTGGAT
TACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGTTTAAACGGCCGGC
  
```

Restriction Sites: SgfI-MluI

Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM_153613

Insert Size:	1575 bp
OTI Disclaimer:	Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).
OTI Annotation:	This TrueClone is provided through our Custom Cloning Process that includes sub-cloning into OriGene's pCMV6 vector and full sequencing to provide a non-variant match to the expected reference without frameshifts, and is delivered as lyophilized plasmid DNA.
Components:	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
Reconstitution Method:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
RefSeq:	NM_153613.2
RefSeq Size:	1908 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1575 bp
Locus ID:	254531
UniProt ID:	Q643R3
Cytogenetics:	15q14
Protein Families:	Transmembrane
MW:	57.2 kDa
Gene Summary:	Members of the 1-acylglycerol-3-phosphate O-acyltransferase (EC 2.3.1.51) family, such as AGPAT7, catalyze the conversion of lysophosphatidic acid (LPA) to phosphatidic acid (PA), a precursor in the biosynthesis of all glycerolipids. Both LPA and PA are involved in signal transduction (Ye et al., 2005 [PubMed 16243729]).[supplied by OMIM, May 2008]