

Product datasheet for SC317433

MXI1 (NM 130439) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: MXI1 (NM_130439) Human Untagged Clone

Tag: Tag Free Symbol: MXI1

Synonyms: bHLHc11; MAD2; MXD2; MXI

Mammalian Cell None

Selection:

Vector: pCMV6-XL4

E. coli Selection: Ampicillin (100 ug/mL)

Fully Sequenced ORF: >OriGene ORF sequence for NM_130439 edited

Restriction Sites: Please inquire
ACCN: NM_130439
Insert Size: 2700 bp

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative

RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com **OTI Annotation:** The ORF of this clone has been fully sequenced and found to contain one SNP compared with

NM_130439.3.

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 130439.3</u>, <u>NP 569157.2</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 3470 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 888 bp

 Locus ID:
 4601

 UniProt ID:
 P50539

 Cytogenetics:
 10q25.2

Domains: HLH

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors

Gene Summary: Expression of the c-myc gene, which produces an oncogenic transcription factor, is tightly

regulated in normal cells but is frequently deregulated in human cancers. The protein encoded by this gene is a transcriptional repressor thought to negatively regulate MYC

function, and is therefore a potential tumor suppressor. This protein inhibits the

transcriptional activity of MYC by competing for MAX, another basic helix-loop-helix protein that binds to MYC and is required for its function. Defects in this gene are frequently found in patients with prostate tumors. Three alternatively spliced transcripts encoding different isoforms have been described. Additional alternatively spliced transcripts may exist but the products of these transcripts have not been verified experimentally. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008]

Transcript Variant: This variant (2), also referred to as SRalpha, differs in the 5' UTR and coding region, compared to variant 1. The resulting protein (isoform b) is longer and has a

distinct N-terminus, compared to isoform a.