

Product datasheet for SC300711

Olfactory receptor 10X1 (OR10X1) (NM_001004477) Human Untagged Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	Olfactory receptor 10X1 (OR10X1) (NM_001004477) Human Untagged Clone
Tag:	Tag Free
Symbol:	Olfactory receptor 10X1
Synonyms:	OR1-13; OR1-14; OR10X1P
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)
E. coli Selection:	Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)
Fully Sequenced ORF:	>SC300711 representing NM_001004477. Blue=Insert sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tag(s)

```
GCTCGTTT TAGTGAACCGTCAGAATTTTGT AATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTG
GATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCCGCC GCGATCGCC
ATGGTGTGAATGTTTATTGTTGTTTCTTTCAAATTTCAGACATTCAAACGATGAAGATCAACCAGACA
ATCCTGAAGGAATTCATTCTTGTGGCTTTTCTGTGTACCCACATGTACAGACATTTCTTTTGTGGTC
TTCTTTTGTCTCTACCTTCTCACCTTGCAGGTAATCTGATCATCATGGGTCTAACTTGGGTGGACAGG
TCCCTCCACACCCTATGTATCTTCTTCTAGTGCCTCTCTTCTCTGAGACCTGCTATACGCTGACC
ATCGTCCCAAGATGCTGGAAGATCTACTGGCCAAGGACAGAAGCATTTCAGTCACAGTTGTAGCTTA
CAGATGTGCTTCTTCTGGGACTTGGTGGCACA AACTGTATCATTCTCACTTTGATGGGATATGACCGC
TTCTGGCCATCTGTAACCTCTAAGATATCCACTGCTTATGACCAACATTGTATGTGGACA AACTGTG
GCCTCTGCTTGCCTGCAGGCTTCTTTATCTCTTACAGAGACTGCACTGATATTCAGGGACTCTTTC
TGCAGACCCAACCTTGTCAAACCTTCTTCTGCCATATGCTGGCAGTTATTAGGCTGTCTTGATAGAC
AGTAACCACACAGAATTCATTATAACACTGATCTCAGTGTCTGGTTTGTGGGTACCCCTTCTGCTCATC
ATCCTGACTGATGTCTTATTCTACTGTCTCAGGATCCCTTCAGCTGAGGGCAAGCAGAAGGCC
TTCACCACCTGTGCCTCCACCTCACCGTGGTTATAATCCACTTGGTTTGCATCTATTGTTTATTTG
AAGCCAGAAGCCTCAGGAGATGACACACTCATAGCAGTCCCTTACTGTATTACCCCTTCTCAGC
CCCATCATATTCAGCCTGAGGAATAAGGACATGAAAAATGCTTTT AGAAGAATGATGGGAAACACAGTT
GCCTTGAAAAA TAA
ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTGGAT
TACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGTTTAAACGGCCGGC
```

Restriction Sites:	Sgfl-MluI
ACCN:	NM_001004477
Insert Size:	981 bp



[View online »](#)

OTI Disclaimer:	Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the reference identifier above as a point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of our molecular clones may differ from the sequence published for this corresponding reference, e.g., by representing an alternative RNA splicing form or single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).
OTI Annotation:	This TrueClone is provided through our Custom Cloning Process that includes sub-cloning into OriGene's pCMV6 vector and full sequencing to provide a non-variant match to the expected reference without frameshifts, and is delivered as lyophilized plasmid DNA.
Components:	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
Reconstitution Method:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min. 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA. 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature. 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom. 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
RefSeq:	NM_001004477.1
RefSeq Size:	981 bp
RefSeq ORF:	981 bp
Locus ID:	128367
UniProt ID:	Q8NGY0
Cytogenetics:	1q23.1
Protein Families:	Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Olfactory transduction
MW:	36.4 kDa
Gene Summary:	Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. This olfactory receptor gene is a segregating pseudogene, where some individuals have an allele that encodes a functional olfactory receptor, while other individuals have an allele encoding a protein that is predicted to be non-functional. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2015]