

Product datasheet for **SC213860**

Adducin 2 (ADD2) (NM_001617) Human 3' UTR Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	3' UTR Clones
Product Name:	Adducin 2 (ADD2) (NM_001617) Human 3' UTR Clone
Vector:	pMirTarget (PS100062)
Symbol:	ADD2
Synonyms:	ADDB
ACCN:	NM_001617
Insert Size:	2000 bp



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Insert Sequence:

>SC213860 3'UTR clone of NM_001617

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_001617. The complete sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

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GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAAGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG
TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC
AGCAAAAAGAAGGAGAAAGTGGAGTCCATTCATGACACCCCTGGGCTCCCTCCTGCCTCTCTCTCT
CCTCCCCTTCCCTTCTCCCATCTCTGTCCCTGCAAGCACAGGGCTAAGGAGGGATAGAGTAGGACCTG
GACCACATTGCGAAGGGGAACTTAGAGATCACCGACCAACCCTTCGTTTTACAGTTGCCAAGAGAAA
TCAGGTGACTTGCCCAAGGTCACACAGTAGTTAGCGGCAGAGCCTGCACTCGAATTCAGGTCTCTGA
CTTCCAGTCCAGTCTCTTCTACTACACAACACTGCCTAGTTGTGGGCTGCCTTTGTTGGATGCTGT
CCACCAATCTGAGCCTAGGGCAAGAAGGCCAGAAATGGGCCGTGAGCTCTCACAGGCTCAGACTAAATC
AGAGGTCAAGGCTTCCCCTGAGTAAGGTCCATTTCTTCCAGGAATCCAATCTCCTGTGGATGGAGCTA
TCTCTACATTTAAAAATCTTCTCTTTTCCACTTTGGGTCCCTGCCCTGCTGCTCAAAGTACTAGCC
AAATTGACCCCTCCAACAGAAAGTAATCTTTGTTCCCAAGGGCTGATGGCTTAGCTGTACTACCCCAA
ACATTAACCCTGAGCTTTCTTATGGAACCTCTTGAATGATGGATGGAAGAGCTATAAGAGGTGGTAGG
CATAGGGGCAAGCCATGTAAGCTGAGGATTGGGGATGGTTTCATCAACATAAGAGGCCAGGAACTTGAC
CCCTTTGAATTGTGCATCTCAGGCACCTTCAAACTAAAACCAAAATTTAGCATAGGAAAAAGTTGTTAA
TGCTCAGGGCAGAAAATTTGGGGAAGTTGAAATCCTCTGTTGGCTTTGGGTTGATAAGGAGGATCAAAA
CAACAGAGGAAATGCTGACTTTCTAGCTTTGCATGACACCTGGAGCAATGCACTGTACCTGCCTCACTC
CTGTCCAGTGGTCAGGTTTCCCCTGACCTTCCCTCACCCCAAGAACTGCTTACAGACCGAAACTG
GCATCTTACTCTTGGCACCTTGACTTGACCCCTGAGGTTCCAACCTCAGTCATTCTTTGTCCAGCAGA
GGAGAATCAGAAAATGAGCCCTTCAAGATTAATCCTCTTGCAACAGCTCTCAGAGAAATGCTGGGTATCC
CTGTCTTGTCCCTATCTGTCCATCCTGGGGCCTGGTAATGGCCACAGTTATTGTTTTAAATGCCAACA
CTGTCTTCTCATGTTCTTCCGTGGGGCATTGATTAATGAGCATTGTTGGCTCCTAAAAATTAGACAAT
CCATTCTCTTGAAGCACCGTGTCTTGAAGAATATTTTTCTTTTGTCTGACTATCGTAAAAATATT
TTTGAAGTTCTAATCATAGTTTTCCACTTTGAGCACTTGCTATCTATAGACTGTGCAGGCTTCA
CATACTTACATTCTTTAACCTCACAGTAATCCTTTGAGGGGGTAAGATCATTCCATTTTGTGGGT
GAGGAAATGACCCCTAAAATGATAATTGACTTGTCCAGCTGACTTGGCTAGAAAGATCTGGATCCT
GGATTTGAATCCAGTCTGAGTCCAGAGCCCTTGTCTTAAACAGCTATGGTGAACAGACAACCTTT
AATCCCCAGGGGTGGTGGTTTTATCCAGGATTTGTCTCTATGACTGTTCTCCATTGCATAATGTTAGC
ACGTGAAGCAAAGGTAGGGAACCCCTGTGCTCATCCTCATCACTGCACGTGAAGTTCCTGGTCAATGT
GGACTGTGGTGATGCTACTGTGTGCCTCTGACAAAGGAGAGGCAAGAGCCTTCTGGTTGGGGCGGGAAA
TACCATCCATAGTTGGCTATTTCTTGAAGGAAGGAACTGACCTAGGACCAAGGTAACCTGACACT
GTGTCTCTAGTGCAGATTCTAACTGCTACCCAGGCTCCATCTCTGTCTACTTCTGATTGGGT
ACGCGTAAAGCGGCCGCGCATCTAGATTCAAGAAAATGACCGACCAAGCGACGCCAACCTGCCATCA
CGAGATTCGATTCCACCGCCCTTCTATGAAAGG
    
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Restriction Sites:

SgfI-MluI

OTI Disclaimer:

Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs).

Components:

The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in separate vials.

RefSeq:

[NM_001617.4](#)

Summary:

Adducins are heteromeric proteins composed of different subunits referred to as adducin alpha, beta and gamma. The three subunits are encoded by distinct genes and belong to a family of membrane skeletal proteins involved in the assembly of spectrin-actin network in erythrocytes and at sites of cell-cell contact in epithelial tissues. While adducins alpha and gamma are ubiquitously expressed, the expression of adducin beta is restricted to brain and hematopoietic tissues. Adducin, originally purified from human erythrocytes, was found to be a heterodimer of adducins alpha and beta. Polymorphisms resulting in amino acid substitutions in these two subunits have been associated with the regulation of blood pressure in an animal model of hypertension. Heterodimers consisting of alpha and gamma subunits have also been described. Structurally, each subunit is comprised of two distinct domains. The amino-terminal region is protease resistant and globular in shape, while the carboxy-terminal region is protease sensitive. The latter contains multiple phosphorylation sites for protein kinase C, the binding site for calmodulin, and is required for association with spectrin and actin. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2010]

Locus ID:

119

MW:

73.8