

Product datasheet for SC211587

XBP1 (NM_005080) Human 3' UTR Clone

Product data:

Product Type: 3' UTR Clones

Product Name: XBP1 (NM_005080) Human 3' UTR Clone

Vector: pMirTarget (PS100062)

Symbol: XBP1

Synonyms: TREB-5; TREB5; XBP-1; XBP2

ACCN: NM_005080

Insert Size: 1016 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC211587 3'UTR clone of NM_005080

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_005080. The complete

sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC

GCTTTCTCCATTTATTTAAAACTACCCATGCAATTAAAAGGTACAATGCA

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul



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XBP1 (NM_005080) Human 3' UTR Clone - SC211587

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).

Components: The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.

RefSeq: <u>NM 005080.4</u>

Summary: This gene encodes a transcription factor that regulates MHC class II genes by binding to a

promoter element referred to as an X box. This gene product is a bZIP protein, which was also identified as a cellular transcription factor that binds to an enhancer in the promoter of the T cell leukemia virus type 1 promoter. It may increase expression of viral proteins by acting as the DNA binding partner of a viral transactivator. It has been found that upon accumulation of unfolded proteins in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER), the mRNA of this gene is processed to

an active form by an unconventional splicing mechanism that is mediated by the

endonuclease inositol-requiring enzyme 1 (IRE1). The resulting loss of 26 nt from the spliced

mRNA causes a frame-shift and an isoform XBP1(S), which is the functionally active

transcription factor. The isoform encoded by the unspliced mRNA, XBP1(U), is constitutively expressed, and thought to function as a negative feedback regulator of XBP1(S), which shuts off transcription of target genes during the recovery phase of ER stress. A pseudogene of XBP1 has been identified and localized to chromosome 5. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Locus ID: 7494

MW: 39.4