

Product datasheet for SC211084

SEPP1 (SELENOP) (NM 001093726) Human 3' UTR Clone

Product data:

Product Type: 3' UTR Clones

Product Name: SEPP1 (SELENOP) (NM_001093726) Human 3' UTR Clone

Symbol: SEPP1

Synonyms: SELP; SeP; SEPP1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

Vector: pMirTarget (PS100062)

ACCN: NM_001093726

Insert Size: 870 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC211084 3'UTR clone of NM_001093726

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_001093726. The complete

sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

 ${\sf TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC}$

ACGGATTTGTCCAAATAAATTCAATAAAAACCTTAAAGCTGA

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul



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OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).

Components: The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.

RefSeq: NM 001093726.3

Summary: This gene encodes a selenoprotein that is predominantly expressed in the liver and secreted

into the plasma. This selenoprotein is unique in that it contains multiple selenocysteine (Sec) residues per polypeptide (10 in human), and accounts for most of the selenium in plasma. It has been implicated as an extracellular antioxidant, and in the transport of selenium to extra-

hepatic tissues via apolipoprotein E receptor-2 (apoER2). Mice lacking this gene exhibit neurological dysfunction, suggesting its importance in normal brain function. Sec is encoded

by the UGA codon, which normally signals translation termination. The 3' UTRs of

selenoprotein mRNAs contain a conserved stem-loop structure, designated the Sec insertion sequence (SECIS) element, that is necessary for the recognition of UGA as a Sec codon, rather than as a stop signal. The mRNA for this selenoprotein contains two SECIS elements. The use of alternative polyadenylation sites, one located in between the two SECIS elements, results in two populations of mRNAs containing either both (predominant) or just the upstream SECIS element (PMID:27881738). Alternatively spliced transcript variants have also been found for

this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2018]

Locus ID: 6414

MW: 34.6