

## **Product datasheet for SC210426**

## MRI (C7orf49) (NM 024033) Human 3' UTR Clone

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** 3' UTR Clones

Product Name: MRI (C7orf49) (NM\_024033) Human 3' UTR Clone

Symbol: MRI

**Synonyms:** C7orf49; MRI; MRI-2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

**Vector:** pMirTarget (PS100062)

**ACCN:** NM\_024033

**Insert Size:** 856 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC210426 3'UTR clone of NM\_024033

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM\_024033. The complete

sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC

GCTAGAAAATACACACAATTCCCCAATG

**ACGCGT**AAGCGGCCGCGCATCTAGATTCGAAGAAAATGACCGACCAAGCGACGCCCAACCTGCCATCA

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

**Restriction Sites:** Sgfl-Mlul



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## MRI (C7orf49) (NM\_024033) Human 3' UTR Clone - SC210426

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).

**Components:** The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 024033.4</u>

Summary: Isoform 1: Cell-cycle-specific inhibitor of classical non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) of DNA

double-strand break (DSB) repair during the S and G2 phases (PubMed:28959974). Acts as a regulator of DNA repair pathway choice by specifically inhibiting classical NHEJ during the S and G2 phases, thereby promoting error-free repair by homologous recombination during cell cycle phases when sister chromatids are present (PubMed:28959974). Preferentially protects single-stranded overhangs at break sites by inhibiting classical NHEJ, thereby creating a local environment that favors homologous recombination (PubMed:28959974). Acts via interaction with XRCC5/Ku80 and XRCC6/Ku70, interaction restricted during the S and G2 phases only (PubMed:28959974). Molecular mechanisms governing classical NHEJ inhibition via interaction with XRCC5/Ku80 and XRCC6/Ku70 are unknown (PubMed:28959974). May act as a regulator

of proteasome (By similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

**Locus ID:** 78996

MW: 32