

Product datasheet for SC209399

FANCA (NM 001018112) Human 3' UTR Clone

Product data:

Product Type: 3' UTR Clones

Product Name: FANCA (NM_001018112) Human 3' UTR Clone

Symbol: FANCA

Synonyms: FA; FA-H; FA1; FAA; FACA; FAH; FANCH

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

Vector: pMirTarget (PS100062)

ACCN: NM_001018112

Insert Size: 755 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC209399 3'UTR clone of NM_001018112

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_001018112. The complete

sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

 ${\sf TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC}$

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).



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FANCA (NM_001018112) Human 3' UTR Clone - SC209399

Components: The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001018112.3</u>

Summary: The Fanconi anemia complementation group (FANC) currently includes FANCA, FANCB,

FANCC, FANCD1 (also called BRCA2), FANCD2, FANCE, FANCF, FANCG, FANCI, FANCJ (also called BRIP1), FANCL, FANCM and FANCN (also called PALB2). The previously defined group FANCH is the same as FANCA. Fanconi anemia is a genetically heterogeneous recessive disorder characterized by cytogenetic instability, hypersensitivity to DNA crosslinking agents, increased chromosomal breakage, and defective DNA repair. The members of the Fanconi anemia complementation group do not share sequence similarity; they are related by their assembly into a common nuclear protein complex. This gene encodes the protein for complementation group A. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. Mutations in this gene are the most common cause of Fanconi anemia.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Locus ID: 2175 MW: 27.1