

Product datasheet for SC209099

MRPL44 (NM_022915) Human 3' UTR Clone

Product data:

Product Type: 3' UTR Clones

Symbol: MRPL44

Synonyms: COXPD16; L44MT; MRP-L44

Mammalian Cell Neomycin

Selection:

Vector: pMirTarget (PS100062)

ACCN: NM_022915

Insert Size: 710 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC209099 3'UTR clone of NM_022915

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_022915. The complete sequence of

this clone may contain minor differences, such as $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SNPs}}\xspace.$

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC

TTTTTTCTCCACATGTTAA

ACGCGTAAGCGGCCGCGCATCTAGATTCGAAGAAAATGACCGACCAAGCGACGCCCAACCTGCCATCA

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul



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Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide polymorphisms

(SNPs).

Components: The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.

Note: Plasmids are not sterile. For experiments where strict sterility is required, filtration with 0.22um

filter is required.

RefSeq: <u>NM_022915.5</u>

Summary: Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in

protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter

contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ

greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy

recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Locus ID: 65080

MW: 27.7