

Product datasheet for SC208950

MSL3L1 (MSL3) (NM_006800) Human 3' UTR Clone

Product data:

Product Type: 3' UTR Clones

Symbol: MSL3L1

Synonyms: MRSXBA; MRXS36; MRXSBA; MSL3L1

Mammalian Cell Neomycin

Selection:

Vector: pMirTarget (PS100062)

ACCN: NM_006800

Insert Size: 723 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC208950 3'UTR clone of NM_006800

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_006800. The complete sequence of

this clone may contain minor differences, such as $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SNPs}}\xspace.$

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAA<mark>GCGATCGC</mark>C

CTTGTTTGAAAGAACCAGGAGAGAGAGTTTTCA

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

Restriction Sites: Sqfl-Mlul



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com

EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn



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OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide polymorphisms

(SNPs).

Components: The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.

Note: Plasmids are not sterile. For experiments where strict sterility is required, filtration with 0.22um

filter is required.

RefSeq: <u>NM_006800.4</u>

Summary: This gene encodes a nuclear protein that is similar to the product of the Drosophila male-

specific lethal-3 gene. The Drosophila protein plays a critical role in a dosage-compensation pathway, which equalizes X-linked gene expression in males and females. Thus, the human protein is thought to play a similar function in chromatin remodeling and transcriptional regulation, and it has been found as part of a complex that is responsible for histone H4 lysine-16 acetylation. This gene can undergo X inactivation. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 2, 7 and 8.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2010]

Locus ID: 10943

MW: 27.3