

## Product datasheet for **SC207983**

### Heme Oxygenase 1 (HMOX1) (NM\_002133) Human 3' UTR Clone

#### Product data:

Product Type:	3' UTR Clones
Product Name:	Heme Oxygenase 1 (HMOX1) (NM_002133) Human 3' UTR Clone
Symbol:	Heme Oxygenase 1
Synonyms:	bK286B10; HMOX1D; HO-1; HSP32
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pMirTarget (PS100062)
ACCN:	NM_002133
Insert Size:	624 bp
Insert Sequence:	>SC207983 3' UTR clone of NM_002133 The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_002133. The complete sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs. <b>Red</b> =Cloning site <b>Blue</b> =Stop Codon

CAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAA**GCGATCGC**

CTTTCTGGTGGCGACAGTTGCTGTAGGGCTTTATGCCATG**TGA**ATGCAGGCATGCTGGCTCCCAGGGCCA  
TGAACCTTGTCCGGTGAAGGCCTTCTTTCTAGAGAGGAATTCTCTTGGCTGGCTTCTTACCGTGGGC  
ACTGAAGGCTTTCAAGGCTCCAGCCCTCTCACTGTGTCCCTCTCTGAAAGGAGGAAGGAGCCTATG  
GCATCTTCCCAACGAAAAGCAGCATCCAGGCAATGGCCTAACTTCAGAGGGGGCGAAGGGGTACGCCCT  
GCCCTTCAAGCATCCTCAGTTCCTGCAGCAGAGCCTGGAAGACACCCTAATGTGGCAGCTGTCTCAAACCT  
CCAAAAGCCCTGAGTTTCAAGTATCCTTGTGACACGGCCATGACCACTTCCCCGTGGGCCATGGCAAT  
TTTTACACAAACCTGAAAAGATGTTGTGCTTGTGTTTTGTCTTATTTTTGTTGGAGCCACTCTGTTCC  
TGGCTCAGCCTCAAATGCAGTATTTTTGTTGTGTTCTGTTGTTTTATAGCAGGGTTGGGGTGGTTTTTG  
AGCCATGCGTGGGTGGGAGGGAGGTGTTAACGGCACTGTGGCCTTGGTCTAACTTTTGTGTG

**ACGCGT**AAGCGGCCGCGCATCTAGATTGAAGAAAATGACCG

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-MluI

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs).



[View online »](#)

<b>Components:</b>	The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in separate vials.
<b>RefSeq:</b>	<a href="#">NM_002133.1</a>
<b>Summary:</b>	Heme oxygenase, an essential enzyme in heme catabolism, cleaves heme to form biliverdin, which is subsequently converted to bilirubin by biliverdin reductase, and carbon monoxide, a putative neurotransmitter. Heme oxygenase activity is induced by its substrate heme and by various nonheme substances. Heme oxygenase occurs as 2 isozymes, an inducible heme oxygenase-1 and a constitutive heme oxygenase-2. HMOX1 and HMOX2 belong to the heme oxygenase family. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
<b>Locus ID:</b>	3162