

Product datasheet for SC207536

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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GAD65 (GAD2) (NM_000818) Human 3' UTR Clone

Product data:

Product Type: 3' UTR Clones

Product Name: GAD65 (GAD2) (NM_000818) Human 3' UTR Clone

Vector: pMirTarget (PS100062)

Symbol: GAD2 Synonyms: GAD65

ACCN: NM 000818

Insert Size: 589 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC207536 3'UTR clone of NM_000818

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_000818. The complete

sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC

CTCTCTAAACCCAAATAAATGTGTAAATGTGGACACA

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).

Components: The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.





GAD65 (GAD2) (NM_000818) Human 3' UTR Clone - SC207536

RefSeq: <u>NM 000818.3</u>

Summary: This gene encodes one of several forms of glutamic acid decarboxylase, identified as a major

autoantigen in insulin-dependent diabetes. The enzyme encoded is responsible for catalyzing the production of gamma-aminobutyric acid from L-glutamic acid. A pathogenic role for this

enzyme has been identified in the human pancreas since it has been identified as an

autoantibody and an autoreactive T cell target in insulin-dependent diabetes. This gene may also play a role in the stiff man syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript

variants that encode the same protein. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]

Locus ID: 2572

MW: 22.9