

Product datasheet for **SC206318**

PARP9 (NM_001146102) Human 3' UTR Clone

Product data:

Product Type: 3' UTR Clones
Product Name: PARP9 (NM_001146102) Human 3' UTR Clone
Vector: pMirTarget (PS100062)
Symbol: PARP9
Synonyms: ARTD9; BAL; BAL1; MGC:7868
ACCN: NM_001146102
Insert Size: 470 bp
Insert Sequence: >SC206318 3'UTR clone of NM_001146102
The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_001146102. The complete sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.
Blue=Stop Codon **Red**=Cloning site

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GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAAGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG
TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC
GGATTCGCAAGTGGCAGCCCTGTTGATTAATCTCTACATCATTTTAAACAGCTGGTATGGCCTTACCTTG
GGTGAACAAACAAATAATGACCATCGATGGCTCAAAGAGTGGCTTGAATATATCCCATGGGTTATCTG
TATGGACTGACTGGGTTATTGAAAGGACTAGCCACATACTAGCATCTTAGTGCCTTTATCTGTCTTTAT
GTCTTGGGGTTGGGGTAGGTAGATACCAAATGAAACACTTTCAGGACCTTCTTCTCTTGCAGTTGTT
CTTTAATCTCCTTTACTAGAGGAGATAAATATTTTGCATATAATGAAGAAATTTTCTAGTATATAACG
CAGGCCTTTTATTTTCTAAAATGATGATAGTATAAAAAATGTTAGGATAACAGAATGATTTTAGATTTTC
CAGAGAATATTATAAAGTGCTTTAGGTATGAAAATAAATCATCTTTGTCTGATTAA
ACGCGTAAGCGGCCCGGCATCTAGATTCTGAAGAAAATGACCGACCAAGCGACGCCCAACCTGCCATCA
CGAGATTTGATTCCACCGCCCTTCTATGAAAGG
```

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-MluI

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs).

Components: The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in separate vials.

RefSeq: [NM_001146102.2](#)



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Summary:

ADP-ribosyltransferase which, in association with E3 ligase DTX3L, plays a role in DNA damage repair and in immune responses including interferon-mediated antiviral defenses (PubMed:16809771, PubMed:23230272, PubMed:26479788, PubMed:27796300). Within the complex, enhances DTX3L E3 ligase activity which is further enhanced by PARP9 binding to poly(ADP-ribose) (PubMed:28525742). In association with DTX3L and in presence of E1 and E2 enzymes, mediates NAD(+)-dependent mono-ADP-ribosylation of ubiquitin which prevents ubiquitin conjugation to substrates such as histones (PubMed:28525742). During DNA repair, PARP1 recruits PARP9/BAL1-DTX3L complex to DNA damage sites via PARP9 binding to ribosylated PARP1 (PubMed:23230272). Subsequent PARP1-dependent PARP9/BAL1-DTX3L-mediated ubiquitination promotes the rapid and specific recruitment of 53BP1/TP53BP1, UIMC1/RAP80, and BRCA1 to DNA damage sites (PubMed:23230272, PubMed:28525742). In response to DNA damage, PARP9-DTX3L complex is required for efficient non-homologous end joining (NHEJ); the complex function is negatively modulated by PARP9 activity (PubMed:28525742). Dispensable for B-cell receptor (BCR) assembly through V(D)J recombination and class switch recombination (CSR) (By similarity). In macrophages, positively regulates pro-inflammatory cytokines production in response to IFNG stimulation by suppressing PARP14-mediated STAT1 ADP-ribosylation and thus promoting STAT1 phosphorylation (PubMed:27796300). Also suppresses PARP14-mediated STAT6 ADP-ribosylation (PubMed:27796300).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

Locus ID:

83666

MW:

17.8