

Product datasheet for SC205603

PIGO (NM 152850) Human 3' UTR Clone

Product data:

Product Type: 3' UTR Clones

Product Name: PIGO (NM_152850) Human 3' UTR Clone

Vector: pMirTarget (PS100062)

Symbol: PIGO

Synonyms: HPMRS2

ACCN: NM_152850

Insert Size: 408 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC205603 3' UTR clone of NM_152850

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_152850. The complete sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs. Red=Cloning site

Blue=Stop Codon

CAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGC

TTGGTCCCAGGAGTTCAAGACCAGCCTGTGGAACATAACAAGACCCCGTCTCTACTAT

ACGCGTAAGCGGCCGCGCATCTAGATTCGAAGAAAATGACCG

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).

Components: The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.

RefSeq: <u>NM 152850.2</u>



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com



PIGO (NM_152850) Human 3' UTR Clone - SC205603

Summary: This gene encodes a protein that is involved in glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchor

biosynthesis. The GPI-anchor is a glycolipid which contains three mannose molecules in its core backbone. The GPI-anchor is found on many blood cells and serves to anchor proteins to the cell surface. This protein is involved in the transfer of ethanolaminephosphate (EtNP) to the third mannose in GPI. At least three alternatively spliced transcripts encoding two distinct

isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2011]

Locus ID: 84720