

## **Product datasheet for SC205161**

## ATG4D (NM 032885) Human 3' UTR Clone

## **Product data:**

**Product Type:** 3' UTR Clones

Product Name: ATG4D (NM\_032885) Human 3' UTR Clone

Symbol: ATG4D

Synonyms: APG4-D; APG4D; AUTL4

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

**Vector:** pMirTarget (PS100062)

**ACCN:** NM\_032885

**Insert Size:** 381 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC205161 3'UTR clone of NM\_032885

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM\_032885. The complete

sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC

GTGGCTGCTGGGGCCCAATAAAGCTGTGTAACTTGA

**ACGCGT**AAGCGGCCGCGCATCTAGATTCGAAGAAAATGACCGACCAAGCGACGCCCAACCTGCCATCA

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

**OTI Disclaimer:** Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).

**Components:** The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.



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## ATG4D (NM\_032885) Human 3' UTR Clone - SC205161

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 032885.6</u>

**Summary:** Autophagy is the process by which endogenous proteins and damaged organelles are

destroyed intracellularly. Autophagy is postulated to be essential for cell homeostasis and cell remodeling during differentiation, metamorphosis, non-apoptotic cell death, and aging. Reduced levels of autophagy have been described in some malignant tumors, and a role for autophagy in controlling the unregulated cell growth linked to cancer has been proposed. This gene belongs to the autophagy-related protein 4 (Atg4) family of C54 endopeptidases.

Members of this family encode proteins that play a role in the biogenesis of

autophagosomes, which sequester the cytosol and organelles for degradation by lysosomes. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]

**Locus ID:** 84971 **MW:** 13.1