

Product datasheet for SC205153

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ILF2 (NM_004515) Human 3' UTR Clone

Product data:

Product Type: 3' UTR Clones

Product Name: ILF2 (NM 004515) Human 3' UTR Clone

Symbol: ILF2

Synonyms: NF45; PRO3063

Mammalian Cell

viaitiitialiati CE

Neomycin

Selection: Vector:

pMirTarget (PS100062)

ACCN: NM_004515

Insert Size:

Insert Sequence: >SC205153 3' UTR clone of NM_004515

369 bp

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_004515. The complete sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs. Red=Cloning site

Blue=Stop Codon

CAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGC

AGAAAAACTATTAAAGTAC

ACGCGTAAGCGGCCGCGCATCTAGATTCGAAGAAAATGACCG

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

OTI Disclaimer: Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences , e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).

Components: The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.



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ILF2 (NM_004515) Human 3' UTR Clone - SC205153

RefSeq: <u>NM 004515.2</u>

Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a transcription factor required for T-cell expression of the

interleukin 2 gene. It also binds RNA and is an essential component for encapsidation and protein priming of hepatitis B viral polymerase. The encoded 45 kDa protein (NF45, ILF2) forms a complex with the 90 kDa interleukin enhancer-binding factor 3 (NF90, ILF3), and this complex has been shown to affect the redistribution of nuclear mRNA to the cytoplasm, to repair DNA breaks by nonhomologous end joining, and to negatively regulate the microRNA processing pathway. Knockdown of NF45 or NF90 protein retards cell growth, possibly by inhibition of mRNA stabilization. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Related pseudogenes have been found on chromosomes 3 and 14. [provided by RefSeq, Dec

2014]

Locus ID: 3608