

## **Product datasheet for SC203745**

## DAD1 (NM 001344) Human 3' UTR Clone

## **Product data:**

**Product Type:** 3' UTR Clones

Product Name: DAD1 (NM 001344) Human 3' UTR Clone

**Vector:** pMirTarget (PS100062)

Symbol: DAD1
Synonyms: OST2

**ACCN:** NM\_001344

**Insert Size:** 305 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC203745 3'UTR clone of NM\_001344

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM\_001344. The complete

sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC

CCAAATTAAAGAACTCCATGCCACTCCTC

**ACGCGT**AAGCGGCCGCGCATCTAGATTCGAAGAAAATGACCGACCAAGCGACGCCCAACCTGCCATCA

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul

**OTI Disclaimer:** Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).

**Components:** The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.

**RefSeg:** NM 001344.4



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Summary: DAD1, the defender against apoptotic cell death, was initially identified as a negative

regulator of programmed cell death in the temperature sensitive tsBN7 cell line. The DAD1 protein disappeared in temperature-sensitive cells following a shift to the nonpermissive temperature, suggesting that loss of the DAD1 protein triggered apoptosis. DAD1 is believed to be a tightly associated subunit of oligosaccharyltransferase both in the intact membrane and in the purified enzyme, thus reflecting the essential nature of N-linked glycosylation in eukaryotes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Locus ID:** 1603 **MW:** 11.8