

## **Product datasheet for SC202739**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Aldolase (ALDOA) (NM\_001127617) Human 3' UTR Clone

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** 3' UTR Clones

Product Name: Aldolase (ALDOA) (NM 001127617) Human 3' UTR Clone

Symbol: Aldolase

Synonyms: ALDA; GSD12; HEL-S-87p

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

**Vector:** pMirTarget (PS100062)

**ACCN:** NM\_001127617

**Insert Size:** 256 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC202739 3'UTR clone of NM\_001127617

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM\_001127617. The complete

sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

**Restriction Sites:** Sgfl-Mlul

**OTI Disclaimer:** Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).

**Components:** The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 001127617.2</u>





## Aldolase (ALDOA) (NM\_001127617) Human 3' UTR Clone - SC202739

**Summary:** 

This gene encodes a member of the class I fructose-bisphosphate aldolase protein family. The encoded protein is a glycolytic enzyme that catalyzes the reversible conversion of fructose-1,6-bisphosphate to glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate and dihydroxyacetone phosphate. Three aldolase isozymes (A, B, and C), encoded by three different genes, are differentially expressed during development. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Glycogen Storage Disease XII, an autosomal recessive disorder associated with hemolytic anemia. Disruption of this gene also plays a role in the progression of multiple types of cancers. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 3 and 10. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2017]

**Locus ID:** 226 **MW:** 9.7