

## **Product datasheet for SC202397**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Fibrinogen gamma chain (FGG) (NM\_000509) Human 3' UTR Clone

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** 3' UTR Clones

**Product Name:** Fibrinogen gamma chain (FGG) (NM\_000509) Human 3' UTR Clone

Symbol: Fibrinogen gamma chain

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Neomycin

**Vector:** pMirTarget (PS100062)

**ACCN:** NM\_000509

**Insert Size:** 234 bp

Insert Sequence: >SC202397 3'UTR clone of NM\_000509

The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM\_000509. The complete

sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs.

Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site

GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAGGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG

TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAGCGATCGCC

GGGGGAGCCAAACAGGCTGGAGACGTTTAAAAGACCGTTTCAAAAGAGATTTACTTTTTTAAAGGACTT TATCTGAACAGAGAGATATAATATTTTTCCTATTGGACAATGGACTTGCAAAGCTTCACTTCATTTTAA GAGCAAAAGACCCCATGTTGAAAACTCCATAACAGTTTTATGCTGATGATAATTTATCTACATGCATTT

CAATAAACCTTTTGTTTCCTAAGACTA

CGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGG

**Restriction Sites:** Sgfl-Mlul

**OTI Disclaimer:** Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a

point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the

reference sequence but may contain minor differences, e.g., single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs).

**Components:** The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The

package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in

separate vials.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 000509.6</u>





## Fibrinogen gamma chain (FGG) (NM\_000509) Human 3' UTR Clone - SC202397

**Summary:** 

The protein encoded by this gene is the gamma component of fibrinogen, a blood-borne glycoprotein comprised of three pairs of nonidentical polypeptide chains. Following vascular injury, fibrinogen is cleaved by thrombin to form fibrin which is the most abundant component of blood clots. In addition, various cleavage products of fibrinogen and fibrin regulate cell adhesion and spreading, display vasoconstrictor and chemotactic activities, and are mitogens for several cell types. Mutations in this gene lead to several disorders, including dysfibrinogenemia, hypofibrinogenemia and thrombophilia. Alternative splicing results in transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015]

**Locus ID:** 2266 **MW:** 9.3