

Product datasheet for **SC201032**

HBA2 (NM_000517) Human 3' UTR Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	3' UTR Clones
Symbol:	HBA2
Synonyms:	ECYT7; HBA-T2; HBH
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pMirTarget (PSI00062)
ACCN:	NM_000517
Insert Size:	140 bp
Insert Sequence:	>SC201032 3'UTR clone of NM_000517 The sequence shown below is from the reference sequence of NM_000517. The complete sequence of this clone may contain minor differences, such as SNPs. Blue=Stop Codon Red=Cloning site <pre> GGCAAGTTGGACGCCCGCAAGATCCGCGAGATTCTCATTAAAGCCAAGAAGGGCGGAAAGATCGCCGTG TAACAATTGGCAGAGCTCAGAATTCAAACGATCGCC AGCACCGTGCTGACCTCCTCAAAATACCGTAAAGCTGGAGCCTCGGTAGCCGTTCTCTGCCCCTGGGCC TCCCAACGGGCCCTCTCCCTCCTTGACCGGCCCTTCTGGTCTTTGAATAAAGTCTGAGTGGGCAG CA ACGCGTAAGCGGCCGCGGCATCTAGATTCTGAAGAAATGACCGACCAAGCGACGCCAACCTGCCATCA CGAGATTTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCTTCTATGAAAGG </pre>
Restriction Sites:	SgfI-MluI
OTI Disclaimer:	Our molecular clone sequence data has been matched to the sequence identifier above as a point of reference. Note that the complete sequence of this clone is largely the same as the reference sequence but may contain minor differences , e.g., single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs).
Components:	The cDNA clone is shipped in a 2-D bar-coded Matrix tube as 10 ug dried plasmid DNA. The package also includes 100 pmols of both the corresponding 5' and 3' vector primers in separate vials.



Note:	Plasmids are not sterile. For experiments where strict sterility is required, filtration with 0.22um filter is required.
RefSeq:	<u>NM_000517.6</u>
Summary:	The human alpha globin gene cluster located on chromosome 16 spans about 30 kb and includes seven loci: 5'- zeta - pseudozeta - mu - pseudoalpha-1 - alpha-2 - alpha-1 - theta - 3'. The alpha-2 (HBA2) and alpha-1 (HBA1) coding sequences are identical. These genes differ slightly over the 5' untranslated regions and the introns, but they differ significantly over the 3' untranslated regions. Two alpha chains plus two beta chains constitute HbA, which in normal adult life comprises about 97% of the total hemoglobin; alpha chains combine with delta chains to constitute HbA-2, which with HbF (fetal hemoglobin) makes up the remaining 3% of adult hemoglobin. Alpha thalassemias result from deletions of each of the alpha genes as well as deletions of both HBA2 and HBA1; some nondeletion alpha thalassemias have also been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Locus ID:	3040
MW:	5